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THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.

VOL. 10—No. 28.] ASHEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1859. [WHOLE No. 496.

(Concluded from Supplement.)

5195 From Wadesborough, by Jones' Creek, Deep Creek, White's Store, White Hill, Lanc's Creek, and Beaver Dam, to Monroe, 48 miles and back, twice a week to White's Store, and once a week the residue.

Leave Wadesborough Thursday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Monroe next day by 12 m;
Leave Monroe Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Wadesborough next day by 4 p m;
Leave Wadesborough Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at White's Store by 12 m;
Leave White's Store Monday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Wadesborough by 7 p m.

5196 From Wadesborough, by Diamond Hill, Olive Branch, Jedkins' Store, and Richardson's Creek, to Monroe, 40 miles and back, once a week

Laeve Wadesborough Wednsday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Monroe by 8 p m,
Leave Monroe Thursday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Wadesborough by 8 p m.

5197 From Wadesborough to Lanesborough, 12½ miles and back, once a week.

Leave Wadesborough Thursday at 11 a m;
Arrive at Lanesborough by 3 p m;
Leave Lanesborough Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Wadesborough by 10 a m.

Proposals for twice-a-week service will be considered; also for three-times-a-week service, to extend to Monroe.

5198 From Wadesborough, by Lilesville, Pee Dee, Dumas' Store, Mangum, and Little's Mills, to Pekin, 31 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Wadesborough Thursday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Pekin by 8 p m;
Leave Pekin Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Wadesborough by 5 p m.

5199 From Rockingham, by Linton, to Cheraw, (S. C.,) 22 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Rockingham Monday, Wedn., and Friday at 5 1-2 a m;
Arrive at Cheraw by 1-2 p m;
Leave Cheraw Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Rockingham by 8 p m;

5200 From Rockingham, by Dockery's Store, Lethe, and Bear Branch, to McDonald's Mills, 18 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Rockingham Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at McDonald's Mills by 12 m;
Leave McDonald's Mills Thursday at 1 p m·
Arrive at Rockingham by 7 p m.

5201 From Lilesville, by Franklinburg, to Rockingham, 16 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Lilesville Friday at 6 1-2 a m;
Arrive at Rockingham by 12 m;
Leave Rockingham Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Lilesville by 6 1-2 p m.

5202 From Albemarle to Swift Island, 9 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Albemarle Saturday at 10 1-2 a m;
Arrive at Swift Island by 1 p m;
Leave Swift Island Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Albemarle by 10 a m.

5203 From Albemarle, by Efird's Mills, Morgan's Mills, Love's Level, Garmon's Mills, Leo, and Rowlandsville, to Albemarle, equal to 28 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Albemarle Thursday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Albemarle next day by 6 p m;

5204 From Salem, by Winston, Sedge Garden, Germantown, Walnut Cove, Pine Hall, Madison, Pleasantville, and Wentworth, to Reidsville, 56 miles and back three times a week.

Leave Salem Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Madison by 6 p m;
Leave Madison Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Reidsville by 4 p m;
Leave Reidsville Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday after arrival of Danville mail—say at 1 a m;
Arrive at Salem by 7 p m.

5205 From Salem, by Winston, Walkerstown, White Road, and Blakely, to Madison, 30 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Salem Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Madison by 6 p m;
Leave Madison Sunday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Salem by 6 p m.

5206 From Salem, by Winston, Oldtown, Bethania, Flint Hill, Little Yadkin, Pilot Mountain, Tom's Creek, Flat Shoal, Mount Airy, Lovel's Creek, (Va.,) Hillsville, Cranberry Plains, and Jackson's Ferry to Wytheville, 93 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Salem Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m.
Arrive at Mount Airy by 9 p m;
Leave Mount Airy Wednesday, Friday, and Sunday, at 5 a m;
Arrive at Wytheville by 8 p m;
Leave Wytheville Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 1-2 a m;
Arrive at Mount Airy by 9 p m;
Leave Mount Airy Wednesday, Friday, and Sunday at 3 a m.
Arrive at Salem by 4 p m.

5207 From Salem, by Clemmonsville, Panther Creek, Huntsville, Yadkinville, Hamptonville, Locust Shade, New Castle, Brier Creek, Wilkesborough, Reddie's River, Wilbar, and South Fork, to Jefferson, 98 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Salem Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Jefferson next days by 6 p m;
Leave Jefferson Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Salem next days by 6 p m.

5208 From Salem to Winston, 1 mile and back, three times a week.

Leave Salem Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday after arrival of High Point mail—say at 8 p m,
Arrive at Winston by 8 1-2 p m;
Leave Winston Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 p m;
Arrive at Salem by 7 1-2 p m.

5209 From Salem to Muddy Creek, 6 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Salem Saturday at 8 1-2 a m;
Arrive at Muddy Creek by 10 1-2 a m;
Leave Muddy Creek Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Salem by 8 a m.

5210 From Madison to Martin's Lime Kilns, 15 miles and back, once a week:

Leave Madison Saturday at 1 1-2 p m;
Arrive at Martin's Lime Kilns by 6 p m;
Leave Martin's Lime Kilns Saturday at 7 1-2 a m;
Arrive at Madison by 12 m.

5211 From Madison, by Ayresville, Crooked Creek, Colesville, Peter's Creek, Francisco, and Westfield, to Mount Airy, 52 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Madison Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Mount Airy next day by 6 p m;
Leave Mount Airy Monday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Madison next day by 12 m.

5212 From Wentworth, by Eagle Falls, to Leaksville, 10 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Wentworth Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 1-2 a m;
Arrive at Leaksville by 11 1-2 a m;
Leave Leaksville Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Wentworth by 8 a m.

5213 From Leaksville, by Dan River, Oregon, and Mayfield, to Graves, 23 1-2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Leaksville Saturday at 4 a m;
Arrive at Graves by 12 m;
Leave Graves Saturday at 1-2 p m;
Arrive at Leaksville by 8 1-2 p m.

5214 From Leaksville, by Martin Grogan's and Grogansville, to Horse Pasture, (Va.,) 21 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Leaksville Thursday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Horse Pasture by 12 m;
Leave Horse Pasture Thursday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Leaksville by 8 p m.

5215 From Winston, by Mount Tabor, Vienna, Red Plain, East Bend, Five Mile Fork, Mount Nebo, Boonville, and Walnut Lane, to Jonesville, 50 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Winston Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Jonesville next day by 12 m;
Leave Jonesville Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Winston next day by 6 p m.

Proposals for twice-a-week service will be considered.

5216 From Germantown, by Wilson's Store, Neatman, Danbury, Red Shoals, Martin's Lime Kilns, Smith's Valley, Colesville, and Avo, (Va.,) to Patrick C. H., 42 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Germantown Tuesday and Friday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Patrick C. H. by 8 p m;
Leave Patrick C. H Wednesday and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Germantown by 8 p m.

5217 From Mount Airy, by Hay Stack and Judesville, to Cherry Lane, 34 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Mount Airy Wednesday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Cherry Lane by 8 p m.
Leave Cherry Lane Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Mount Airy by 8 p m.

5218 From Airy to Dobson, 12 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Mount Airy Sunday and Friday at 3 p m.
Arrive at Dobson by 7 p m;
Leave Dobson Sunday and Friday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Mount Airy by 2 p m;

5219 From Tom's Creek, by Douglas' Ford, (local,) and Green Harbor, (local,) to Dobson, 20 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Tom's Creek Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Dobson by 4 p m;
Leave Dobson Thursday at 9 am;
Arrive at Tom's Creek by 5 p m.

5220 From Huntsville by Red Plains, East Bend, and Forbush, to Republic, 25 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Huntsville Saturday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Republic by 12 m;
Leave Republic Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Huntsville by 8 p m.

5221 From Rockford, by Richmond Hill and Mount Nebo, to Yadkinville, 15 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Rockford Monday and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Yadkinville by 12 m;
Leave Yadkinville Monday and Friday on arrival of Salem mail—say at 2 p m;
Arrive at Rockford by 7 p m.

5222 From Rockford, by Siloam, Stony Ridge, Old Richmond, Bethania, and Rural Hall, to Germantown, 36 1-2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Rockford Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Germantown by 5 p m;
Leave Germantown Sunday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Rockford by 5 p m.

5223 From Rockford, by Rusk, to Dobson, 17 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Rockford Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Dobson by 12 m;
Leave Dobson Monday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Rockford by 7 p m.

5224 From Jonesville, by Elkin, State Road, Roaring Gap, Cherry Lane, Glade Creek, and Gap Civil, to Independence, (Va.,) 42 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Jonesville Wednesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Independence by 9 p m;
Leave Independence Tuesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Jonesville by 9 p m.

5225 From Hamptonville, by Zion, Union Grove, New Hope, Mount Pisgah, and York Collegiate Institute, to Taylorsville, 35 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Hamptonville Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Taylorsville by 6 p m;
Leave Taylorsville Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Hamptonville by 6 p m.

5226 From Hamptonville, by Houstonville, Williamsburg, Olin, Post Oak, Snow Creek, and Liberty, to Statesville, 35 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Hamptonville Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Statesville by 6 p m;
Leave Statesville Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Hamptonville by 6 p m

5227 From Hamptonville by Oak Level, Ausburnville, and Lovelace, to Wilkesborough, 29 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Hamptonville Tuesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Wilkesborough by 6 p m;
Leave Wilkesborough Monday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Hamptonville by 6 p m.

Bids to end at Zimmerman, omitting Lovelace and Wilkesborough, will be considered.

5228 From Brier Creek, by Swan Pond, Jonesville and Chestnut Ridge, to Yadkinville, 26 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Brier Creek Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Yadkinville by 6 p m;
Leave Yadkinville Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Brier Creek by 6 p m.

5229 From Wilkesborough, by Hay Meadow, Trap Hill, Elk Spur, Cherry Lane, Glade Creek, Gap Civil, Elk Creek, and Potato Creek, to Mouth of Wilson, (Va.,) 50 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Wilkesborough Thursday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Mouth of Wilson next day by 7 p m;
Leave Mouth of Wilson Wednesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Wilkesborough next day by 12 m.

5230 From Wilkesborough, by Mulberry, Laurel Springs, and Scottsville, to Mouth of Wilson, (Va.,) 40 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Wilkesborough Thursday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Mouth of Wilson next day by 12 m;
Leave Mouth of Wilson Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Wilkesborough next day by 5 p m.

5231 From Wilkesborough, by Purlear's Creek, Job's Cabin, and Rotherwood, to Boone, and back by Rotherwood, Stony Fork, and Lewis' Fork, to Wilkesborough, equal to 38 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Wilkesborough Tuesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Boone by 7 p m;
Leave Boone Wednesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Wilkesborough by 7 p m.

5232 From Wilkesborough, by Elkville, Fort Defiance, Lenoir, and Copenhagen, to Morganton, 48 miles and back, once a week; with an additional weekly trip from Wilkesborough, by Elkville and Fort Defiance, to Lenoir, and back by Hazel Dell, King's Creek, and Warrior Creek, to Wilkesborough, equal to 31 miles and back.

Leave Wilkesborough Monday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Morganton next day by 12 m;
Leave Morganton Tues. at 2 p m;
Arrive at Wilkesborough next day by 7 p m;
Leave Wilkesborough Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Lenoir by 7 p m;
Leave Lenoir Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Wilkesborough by 7 p m.

5233 From Wilkesboro', by Hunting Creek, Zimmerman, Boyden, and Union Grove, to Olin, 30 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Wilkesborough Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Olin by 6 p m;
Leave Olin Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Wilkesborough by 5 p m.

5234 From Jefferson, by Walnut Hill, to Hilton, 12 miles and back once a week.

Leave Jefferson Tuesday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Hilton by 12 m;
Leave Hilton Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Jefferson by 5 p m.

5235 From Jefferson, by Nettle Knob, to Gap Creek, 12 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Jefferson Monday at 8 a m,
Arrive at Gap Creek by 12 m;
Leave Gap Creek Monday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Jefferson by 5 p m.

5236 From Jefferson, by Beaver Creek, Elk Cross Roads, Moretz's Mill, and Boone, to Sugar Grove, 30 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Jefferson Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Sugar Grove by 6 p m;
Leave Sugar Grove Satur. at 7 a m;
Arrive at Jefferson by 6 p m.

5237 From Jefferson to Horse Creek, 15 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Jefferson Saturday at 1 p m,
Arrive at Horse Creek by 6 p m,
Leave Horse Creek Satur. at 6 a m,
Arrive at Jefferson by 11 a m.

5238 From Mocksville, by Smith's Grove and Farmington, to Huntsville, 18 miles and back twice a week.

Leave Mocksville Monday and Friday at 1 p m,
Arrive at Huntsville by 7 p m,
Leave Huntsville Monday and Friday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Mocksville by 12 m.

5239 From Mocksville, by Clarksville, Hamptonville, and Bald Knob, to Jonesville, 31 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Mocksville Tuesday and Saturday 7 at a m,
Arrive at Jonesville by 6 p m,
Leave Jonesville Wednesday and Sunday at 7 a m.
Arrive at Mocksville by 6 p m.

5240 From Statesville, by Fancy Hill, Stony Point, Taylorsville, Little River, and Deal's Mills, to Lenoir 47 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Statesville Monday and Friday at 7 a m,
Arrive at Lenoir by 10 p m,
Leave Lenior Tuesday and Saturday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Statesville by 9 p m.

5241 From Statesville, by Amity Hill, to Mount Ulla, 15 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Statesville Saturday at 1 p m,
Arrive at Mount Ulla by 6 p m.
Leave Mount Ulla Saturday at 7 a m,
Arrive at Statesville by 12 m.

5242 From Statesville, by New Sterling, Elk Shoal, and Taylorsville, to Wilkesborough, 43 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Statesville Satuday at 5 a m,
Arrive at Wilkesborough by 8 p m,
Leave Wilkesboro' Friday at 5 a m,
Arrive at Statesville by 8 p m.

5243 From Statesville, by Bethany Church, Turnersburg, Olin, Williamsburg, and Eagle Mills, to Hamptonville. 28 miles and back, twice a week to Olin, and once a week the residue.

Leave Statesville Tuesday & Thursday at 7 a m,
Arrive at Olin by 12 m;
Leave Olin Tuesday and Thursday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Stefesville by 6 p m;
Leave Olin Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Hamptonville by 12 m,
Leave Hamptonville Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Olin by 6 p m.

Bids invited for twice-a-week service on the whole route; also for three-times-a-week service, one of the trips to be over route 5226.

5244 From Taylorsville to Wittenberg, 12 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Taylorsville Wednesday at 12 m;
Arrive at Wittenberg by 4 p m;
Leave Wittenberg Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Taylorsville by 11 a m.

Proposals to extend to Catawba View are invited.

5245 From Morganton, by Perkinsville, Collettsville, Globe, Valle Crusis, Watauga Falls, and Butler, (Tenn.,) to Dugger's Ferry, 71 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Morganton Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Dugger's Ferry next day by 6 p m,
Leave Dugger's Ferry Friday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Morganton next day by 6 p m.

5246 From Morganton by Linnville River, North Cove, Grassy Creek, Bakersville, and Ledger, to Burnsville, 61 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Morganton Wednes. at 7 a m.
Arrive at Burnsville next day by 6 p m,
Leave Burnsville Monday at 7 a m,
Arrive at Morganton next day by 6 p m.

5247 From Morganton, by Brindletown, Dysartsville, Minersville, and Cuba, to Retherfordton, 39 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Morganton Saturday at 5 a m,
Arrive at Rutherfordton by 7 p m,
Leave Rutherfordton Friday at 5 a m,
Arrive at Morganton by 7 p m.

Proposals for twice-a-week service will be considered.

5248 From Marion, by Black Mountain, Stone Mountain, and Edneyville, to Hendersonville, 44 1-2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Marion Wednesday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Hendersonville next day by 11 a m,
Leave Hendersonville Thur. at 2½ p m
Arrive at Marion next day by 6 p m.

5249 From Grassy Creek, by Rose Cnek, Childsville, Yellow Mountain, Cranberry Forge, and Roan Mountain, (Tenn.,) to Doe River Cove, 50 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Grassy Creek Friday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Doe River Cove next day by 12 m,
Leave Doe River Cove Saturday at 1 p m,
Arrive at Grassy Creek next day by 6 p m.

5250 From Burnsville, by Day Book, Red Hill, Fork Mountain, Limestone Cave, (Tenn.,) and Doe River Cove, to Elizabethton, 45 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Burnsville Saturday at 1 p m,
Arrive at Elizabethton next day by 6 p m,
Leave Elizabethton Friday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Burnsville next day by 12 m.

5251 From Burnsville, by Bald Creek, Ivy Gap, Paint Gap, Ivy, Democrat, Stocksville, and Reems' Creek, to Asheville, 39 miles and back, twice a week; Paint Gap to be supplied only on the first, and Bald Creek and Ivy Gap on the second trip of each week.

Leave Burnsville Monday & Thursday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Asheville by 6 p m,
Leave Asheville Tuesday and Friday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Burnsville by 6 p m.

5252 From Burnsville, by Crab Tree, Falls, Piney Branch, Grassy Creek, Turkey Cove, and Cains' Branch, to Marion, 34 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Burnsville Thursday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Marion by 6 p m,
Leave Marion Friday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Burnsville by 6 p m.

5253 From Bald Creek, by Egypt, to Ramseytown, 13 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Bald Creek Saturday at 7 a m,
Arrive at Ramseytown by 12 m,
Leave Ramseytown Saturday at 1 p m,
Arrive at Bald Greek by 6 p m.

5254 From Ivy, by Raysville, Big Laurel, and White Rock, to Limestone Springs, [Tenn.,] 37 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Ivy Monday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Limestone, Springs by 6 p m,
Leave Limestone Springs Tuesday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Ivy by 6 p m.

5255 From Ivy, by Clay, Walnut Mountain, Flag Pond, [Tenn.,] Clear Branch, and Indian Creek, to Longmire, 31 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Ivy Saturday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Longmire by 6 p m,
Leave Longmire Friday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Ivy by 6 p m.

5256 From Ivy, by Gabriel's Creek, to Marshall, 15 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Ivy Saturday at 7 a m,
Arrive at Marshall by 12 m,
Leave Marshall Saturday at 1 p m,
Arrive at Ivy by 6 p m.

5257 From Lincolnton, by White Pine, Buffalo Paper Mill, Shelby C. H., Fillmore, Mooresboro', Webb's Ford, Rutherfordton, Green Hill, Grassy Knob, Chimney Rock, Bear Wallow, and Fairview, to Asheville, 88 miles and back, six times a week.

Leave Lincolnton daily, except Monday, at 5 a m,
Arrive at Asheville next days by 5 a m,
Leave Asheville daily, except Sunday, at 7 a m,
Arrive at Lincolnton next days by 7 a m.

5258 From Lincolnton, by Nail Factory, Dallas, Catawba Creek, Crowder's Creek, and New Centre, (S. C.,) to Yorkville, 41 miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Lincolnton Sunday, Wednesday, and Friday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Yorkville by 5 p m,
Leave Yorkville Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday at 8 a m,
Arrive at Lincolnton by 7 p m.

5259 From Lincolnton, by Stegle's Store, Mull Grove, and Jacob's Fork, to Newton, 29 miles and back once a week.

Leave Lincolnton Friday at 7 a m,
Arrive at Newton by 6 p m,
Leave Newton Saturday at 7 a m,
Arrive at Lincolnton by 6 pm.

5260 From Catawba Creek, by Pleasant Ridge and Bethel, (S. C.,) to Yorkville, 20 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Catawba Creek Thur. at 1 p m,
Arrive at Yorkville by 8 p m,
Leave Yorkville Thursday at 5 a m,
Arrive at Catawba Creek by 12 m.

5261 From Shelby, by Sloan's Store, Zion Church, Stegle's Store, and Jacob's Fork, to Newton, 35 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Shelby Monday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Newton by 6 p m,
Leave Newton Tuesday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Shelby by 6 p m.

5262 From Shelby by Pierceville, Double Shoal, Garner's Ford, and Knob Creek, to Morganton, 47 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Shelby Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Morganton next day by 6 p m,
Leave Morganton Monday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Shelby next day by 12 m.

5263 From Shelby, by Stice's Shoal, Erwinsville, and Grassy Pond, (S. C.,) to Limestone Springs, 20 1-4 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Shelby Wednesday and Saturday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Limestone Springs by 12 m,
Leave Limestone Springs Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p m,
Arrive at Shelby by 7 p m.

5264 From Shelby, by Birchettsville, Nicholsonville, Camp's Creek, Grassy Pond, [S. C.,] Algood, and Templeman's Mills; to Spartanburg C. H, 36 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Shelby Thursday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Spartanburg C. H. by 6 p m,
Leave Spartanburg C. H. Friday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Shelby by 6 p m.

5265 From Shelby, by Muddy Fork, Old Furnace, Dallas, Crowder's Mountain, King's Mountain, White Plains, and Clingman, to Shelby, equal to 26 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Shelby Wednesday and Saturday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Shelby next days by 12 m.

5266 From Newton, by Flint Rock, and Fisher's, to Catawba View, 21 1-2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Newton Saturday at 12 m,
Arrive at Catawba View by 6 p m,
Leave Catawba View Friday at 5 p m,
Arrive at Newton next day by 11 1-2 a m.

5267 From Newton, by Vesuvius Furnace, Chronicle, Cottage Home, Stanley's Creek, Woodlawn, and Stowesville, to South Point, 48 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Newton Thursday at 6 a m,
Arrive at South Point next day by 12 m,
Leave South Point Friday at 1 p m,
Arrive at Newton next day by 7 p m,

5268 From Beattie's Ford, by Sherrill's Ford, Long Island and Lourance's Mills, to Newton, and back by Mountain Creek and Dry Ponds to Beattie's Ford, equal to 30 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Beattie's Ford Saturday at 6 a m,
Arrive at Newton by 7 p m,
Leave Newton Sunday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Beatie's Ford by 7 p m.

5269 From Rutherfordton, by Sandy Plains, Earlesville, (S C.,) Gowensville, Millburg, Milford, and Chick's Springs, to Greenville, 52 1-2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Rutherfordton Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Greenville next day by 11 a m;
Leave Greenville Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Rutherfordton next day by 7 p m.

5270 From Rutherfordton, by Logan's Store, Oak Spring, First Broad, Duncan's Creek, Polkville, and Camp Call, to Garner's Ford, 44 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Rutherfordton Friday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Garner's Ford by 7 p m;
Leave Graner's Ford Thursday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Rutherfordton by 7 p m.

5271 From Rutherfordton, by Cooper's Gap and Mills' Gap, to Columbus, 22 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Rutherfordton Tuesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Columbus by 12 m;
Leave Columbus Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Rutherfordton by 7 p m.

5272 From Rutherfordton, by Brittain, Patten's Home, Golden Valley, and Dysartsville, to Marion, 37 miles and back once a week.

Leave Rutherfordton Tuesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Marion by 6 p m;
Leave Marion Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Rutherfordton by 6 p m.

5273 From Rutherfordton, by Cedar Creek, Otter Creek, and Sugar Hill, to Marion, 32 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Rutherfordton Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Marion by 6 p m;
Leave Marion Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Rutherfordton by 6 p m.

5274 From Asheville, by Sulphur Springs, Hominy Creek, Turnpike, Pigeon River, Waynesville, Peru, Webster, Franklin, Valleytown, Tomatla, and Marble Spring, to Murphey, 124 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Asheville Monday and Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Murphey Wednesday and Saturday by 7 p m;
Leave Murphey Monday and Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Asheville Wednesday and Saturday by 7 p m.

5275 From Asheville, by Sulphur Springs, Avery's Creek, Mill River, Boilston, Claytonville, Davidson's River, Dunn's Rock, Cedar Mountain, Cagle's Fountain, (S. C.,) North Saluda, Tituroy, and White Horse, to Greenvill, 84 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Asheville Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Greenville next day at 7 p m;
Leave Greenville Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Asheville next day by 7 p m.

Proposals to go by Calhoun, instead of Davidson's River and Dunn's Rock, will be considered.

5276 From Asheville, by Dick's Creek, Turkey Creek, Sandy Mush, Cross Rock, Spring Creek, Fine's Creek, Crab Tree, and Jonathan's Creek, to Waynesville, 66 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Asheville Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Waynesville next day by 8 p m;
Leave Wayneville Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Asheville next day by 8 p m;

5277 From Asheville, by Flat Creek, Ivy Bend, Walnut Creek, and Jewell Hill, to Warm Springs, 41 1-2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Asheville Tuesday at 6 a m:
Arrive at Warm Springs next day by 12 m;
Leave Warm Springs Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Asheville next day by 6 p m.

5278 From Forks of Pigeon to Pigeon River, 5 1-2 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Forks of Pigeon Monday and Thursday at 10 1-2 a m;
Arrive at Pigeon River by 12 m;
Leave Pigeon Riiver Monday and Thursday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Forks of Pigeon by 2 1-2 p m.

5279 From Waynesville, by Ivy Hill, Quallatown, Governor's Island, Nantithal, Stekoih, and Fort Montgomery, to Valleytown, 78 1-2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Waynesville Tuesday at 5 a m.
Arrive at Valleytown next day by 8 p m;
Leave Valleytown Thursday at 5 a m.
Arrive at Waynesville next day by 8 p m.

5280 From Waynesville, by Jonathan's Creek, Cove Creek, Cattaloochee Creek, Big Creek, Hopkinsville, (Tenn.,) Hackletooth, Denton's, and Fair Garden, to Dandridge, 70 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Waynesville Monday at 4 a m;
Arrive at Dandridge next day by 5 p m;
Leave Dandridge Wednesday at 4 a m;
Arrive at Waynesville next day by 5 p m.

5381 From Franklin, by Skeeneh, Tennessee River, Head of Tennessee, (Ga.,) Rabun Gap, Clayton, Tiger, Suquee, and Tallulah, to Clarksville, 50 miles and back, twice a week; Suquee and Tallulah to be supplied only on alternate trips.

Leave Franklin Tuesday and Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Clarksville next day by 6 p m;
Leave Clarksville Monday and Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Franklin next day by 12 m.

5282 From Franklin, by Cowee, Nantithala, Forks of Tennessee, and Niyohih, to Chilhowee, (Tenn.,) 66 1-2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Franklin Wednesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Chilhowee next day by 8 p m;
Leave Chilhowee Friday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Franklin next day by 8 p m.

5283 From Copperville, by Tusquitee, Fort Hembree, and Brasstown, (Ga.,) to Mount Eolia, 21 1 2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Copperville Tuesday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Mount Eolia by 12 m;
Leave Mount Eolia Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Copperville by 8 p m.

5284 From Murphey, by Hanging Dog, Buffalo, and Yellow Creek, to Niyohih, 42 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Murphey Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Niyohih next day by 12 m;
Leave Niyohih Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Murphey next day by 7 p m;

5285 From Murphey, by Nottla, Rollin, (Ga.,) Hot House, Edom, and Santa Lunah, to Ellejay, 45 1-2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Murphey Friday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Ellejay by 8 p m;
Leave Ellejay Saturday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Murphey by 8 p m.

5286 From Murphey, by Ivy Log, (Ga.,) to Blairsville, 22 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Murphey Monday at 5 a m;
Arrive at Blairsville by 12 m;
Leave Blairsville Monday at 1 p m;

Arrive at Murphey by 8 p m.

5287 From Hendersonville, by John Evans', Solomon Whitaker's, and Jesse Israel's, to Curtis, in Buncombe county,—miles and back, once a week.

Bidders will state distance, and propose a schedule of departures and arrivals.

5288 From Hendersonville, by Boman's Bluff, Calhoun, Davidson's River, Cathey's Creek, Cherryfield, Hogback Valley, and Georgetown, to Casher's Valley 53 1 2 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Hendersonville Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Casher's Valley next day by 12 m;
Leave Casher's Valley Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Hendersonville next day by 7 p m.

Proposals to embrace Dunn's Rock will be considered.

5289 From Casher's Valley, by Horse Cove, and Pine Mountain, (Ga.,) to Clayton, 38 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Casher's Valley Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Clayton by 8 p m;
Leave Clayton Tuesday at 6 a m.
Arrive at Casher's Valley by 8 p m.

5290 From Cherryfield, by French Broad; (local.) High Top, Cain Creek, (S. C.,) and Toxaway, to Eastatoe, 35 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Cherryfield Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Eastatoe by 8 p m;
Leave Eastatoe Sunday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Cherryfield by 8 p m.

FORM OF PROPOSAL, GUARANTY, AND CERTIFICATE.

Proposals.

The undersigned, ———, whose post office address is ———, county of ———, State of———, proposes to convey the mails of the United States, from July 1, 1859 to June 30, 1863, on route No.———, between ——— and ———, agreeably to the advertisement of the Postmaster General, dated December 13, 1858, and by the following mode of conveyance, viz: ———, for the annual sum of ——— dollars.

This proposal is made with full knowledge of the distance of the route, the weight of the mail to be carried, and all other particulars in reference to the route and service, and, also, after careful examination of the laws and instructions attached to the advertisement, and subject to all the conditions therein contained.

Dated

(Signed.)

Guaranty.

The undersigned, residing at ———, State of ———, undertake that, if the foregoing bid for carrying the mail on route No.——— be accepted by the the Postmaster General, the bidder shall, prior to the 1st day of August, 1859, enter into the required obligation, or contract, to perform the service proposed, with good and sufficient sureties.

This we do understanding distinctly the obligations and liabilities assumed by guarantors under the 27th section of the act of Congress of July 2 1836, and agreeing to abide by the penalties therein provided.

Dated

(Signed by two guarantors,)

Certificate.

The undersigned, postmaster at ——— State of ———, certifies, UNDER HIS OATH OF OFFICE, that he is acquainted with the above guarantors, and knows them to be men of property and able to make good their guaranty.

Dated

(Signed.)

INSTRUCTIONS.

Containing conditions to be incorporated in the contracts to the extent the department may deem proper

1. Seven minutes are allowed to each intermediate office, when not otherwise specified, for assorting the mails, but on railroad and steamboat routes there is to be no more delay than is sufficient for an exchange of the mail bags.

2. On railroad and steamboat lines, and other routes where the mode of conveyance admits of it, the special agents of the departments, also post-office blanks, mail bags, locks, and keys, are to be conveyed without extra charge.

3. On railroad and steamboat lines the route agents of the department are to be conveyed without charge, and for their exclusive use, while traveling with the mails, a commodious car, or apartment in the centre of a car, properly lighted, warmed, and furnished, and adapted to the convenient separation and due security of the mails, is to be provided by the contractor, under the direction of the department.

Railroad and steamboat companies are required to take the mail from and deliver it into the post offices at the commencement and end of their routes, and to and from all offices not more than eighty rods from a station or landing. Proposals may be submitted for the performance of all other side service—that is, for offices over eighty rods from a station or landing.

Receipts will be required for mail bags conveyed in charge of persons employed by railroad companies. There will also be "way bills" prepared by postmasters, or other agents of the department, to accompany the mails, specifying the number and destination of the several bags. On the principal stage routes, likewise, receipts will be required and way bills forwarded; the latter to be examined by the several postmasters, to insure regularity in the delivery of mail bags.

4. No pay will be made for trips not performed; and for each of such omissions not satisfactorily explained three times the pay of the trip may be deducted. For arrivals so far behind time as to break connexion with depending mails, and not sufficiently excused, one-fourth of the compensation for the trip is subject to forfeiture. Deduction will also be ordered for a grade of performance inferior to that specified in the contract. For repeated delinquencies of the kind herein specified, enlarged penalties, proportioned to the nature thereof and the importance of the mail, may be made.

5. For leaving behind or throwing off the mails, or any portion of them, for the admission of passengers, or for being concerned in setting up or running an express conveying intelligence in advance of the mail, a quarter's pay may be deducted.

6. Fines will be imposed, unless the delinquency be promptly and satisfactorily explained by certificates of postmasters or the affidavits of other credible persons, for failing to arrive in contract time; for neglecting to take the mail from or deliver it into a post office; for suffering it to be wet, injured, destroyed, robbed, or lost; and for refusing, after demand, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or is concerned in running, a coach, car, or steamboat on a route.

7. The Postmaster General may annul the contract for repeated failures to run agreeably to contract; for violating the Post Office laws, or disobeying the instructions of the department; for refusing to discharge a carrier when required by the department to do so; for running an express as aforesaid; or for transporting persons or packages conveying mailable matter out of the mail.

8. The Postmaster General may order an increase of service on a route by allowing therefor a *pro rata* increase on the contract pay. He may change schedules of departures and arrivals in all cases, and particularly to make them conform to connexions with railroads, without increase of pay, provided the running time be not abridged. He may also order an increase of speed, allowing, within the restrictions of the law, a *pro rata* increase of pay for the additional stock or carriers, if any. The contractor may, however, in the case of increase of speed, relinquish the contract, by giving prompt notice to the department that he prefers doing so to carrying the order into effect. The Postmaster General may also curtail or discontinue the service, in whole or in part, at *pro rata* decrease of pay, allowing one month's extra compensation on the amount dispensed with, whenever, in his opinion, the public interests require the change, or in case he desires to supersede it by a different grade of transportation.

9. Payments will be made by collections from or drafts on postmasters, or otherwise, after the expiration of each quarter—say in February, May, August, and November.

10. The distances are given according to the best information; but no increased pay will be allowed should they be greater than advertised, if the points to be supplied be correctly stated. *Bidders must inform themselves on this point*, and also in reference to the weight of the mail, the condition of roads, hills, streams, &c., and all toll-bridges, ferries, or obstructions of any kind by which expense may be incurred. No claim for additional pay, based on such ground, can be considered; nor for alleged mistakes or misapprehension as to the degree of service; nor for bridges destroyed, ferries discontinued, or other obstructions increasing distance, occurring during the contract term. Offices established after this advertisement is issued, and also during the contract term, are to be visited without extra pay, if the distance be not increased.

11. A bid received after the last day and hour named, or without the guaranty required by law and a certificate as to the sufficiency of such guaranty, cannot be considered in competition with a regular proposal reasonable in amount.

12. Bidders should first propose for service strictly according to the advertisement, and then, if they desire, *separately* for different service; and if the *regular* bid be the lowest offered for the advertised service, the other propositions may be considered.

13. There should be but one route bid for in a proposal. Consolidated or combination bids ("proposing one sum for two or more routes") are forbidden by law, and cannot be considered.

14. The route, the service, the yearly pay, the name and residence of the bidder, (that is his usual post office address,) and those of each member of a firm, where a company offers, should be distinctly stated; also the mode of conveyance, if a higher mode than horseback be intended. The words "with due celerity, certainty, and security," inserted to indicate the mode of conveyance will constitute a *"star bid."*—When a star bid is intended, no specific conveyance must be named. But in case *two* modes of conveyance are named at the same compensation the highest or best for the service will be taken.

15. Bidders are requested to use, as far as practicable, the printed form of proposal furnished by the department, to write out in full the sum of their bids, and to retain copies of them.

Altered bids should not be submitted; nor should bids once submitted be withdrawn. No withdrawal of a bidder or guarantor will be allowed unless dated and received before the last day for receiving proposals.

Each bid must be guarantied by two responsible persons.

General guaranties cannot be admitted. The bid and guaranty should be *signed* plainly with the full name of each person.

The department reserves the right to reject any bid which may be deemed extravagant, and also to disregard the bids of failing contractors and bidders.

16. The bid should be sealed, superscribed "Mail Proposals, State of ———," addressed "Second Assistant Postmaster General, Contract Office," and sent by *mail*, not by or to an agent; and postmasters will not enclose proposals (or letters of any kind) in their quarterly returns.

17. The contracts are to be executed and returned to the department by or before the 1*st day of August*, 1859; but the service must be commenced on 1st July preceding, or on the mail day next after that date, whether the contracts be executed or not. No proposition to transfer will be considered until the contracts are executed and received at the department; and then no transfer will be allowed unless good and sufficient reasons therefor are given, to be determined by the department. In all cases the retiring contractor will be required to become one of the sureties on the new contract.

18. Postmasters at offices on or near railroads, but more than eighty rods from a station, will, immediately after the 31st of March next, report their exact distance from the nearest station, and how they are otherwise supplied with the mail, to enable the Postmaster General to direct a mail-messenger supply from the 1st of July next.

19. Section eighteen of an act of Congress approved March 3, 1845, provides that contracts for the transportation of the mail shall be let "in every case to the lowest bidder tendering sufficient guaranties for faithful performance, without other reference to the mode of such transportation than may be necessary to provide for the due celerity, certainty, and security of such transportation." Under this law a new description of bids has been received. They do not specify a mode of conveyance, but engage to take the entire mail each trip with celerity, certainty, and security, using the terms of the law. These bids are styled, from the manner in which they are designated on the books of the department, *"star bids,"* and they will be construed as providing for the conveyance of the entire mail, *however large*, and *whatever may be the mode necessary to insure its "celerity, certainty, and security."*

When the lowest grade of service is believed to be sufficient the lowest bid will be accepted in preference to a *star* or specific bid.

When the lowest bid is not a star bid, and specifies either *no* mode or an *inadequate* mode of conveyance, it will not be accepted, but be set aside for a specific bid proposing the necessary service.

When the bid does not specify a mode of conveyance, also when it proposes to carry "according to the advertisement," but without such specification, it will be considered as a proposal for horseback service.

20. A modification of a bid in any of its essential terms is tantamount to a new bid, and cannot be received, so as to interfere with a regular competition, after the last hour set for receiving bids. Making a new bid with guaranty and certificate is the only way to modify a previous bid.

21. Postmasters are to be careful not to certify the sufficiency of guarantors or sureties without knowing that they are persons of sufficient responsibility; and all bidders, guarantors, and sureties are distinctly notified that on a failure to enter into or perform the contracts for the service proposed for in the accepted bids, their legal liabilities will be enforced against them.

22. Present contractors, and persons known at the department, must, equally with others, procure guarantors and certificates of their sufficiency substantially in the forms above prescribed. The certificates of sufficiency must be signed by a postmaster or by a judge of a court of record. No other certificate will be admitted.

AARON V. BROWN,
Postmaster General

A New Pocket Revolver.—Mr. Sharpe, the inventor of the celebrated Sharpe's rifles, is about taking out a patent for a new pocket revolver. Besides being much lighter than those which are in common use, it is made in such convenient form that it can be safely carried in the vest pocket. It has always been a great drawback with the different kinds of revolvers that they are so difficult of loading. This is remedied in the pistol of which we make mention; or in place of capping and loading with powder and ball, it is loaded by the insertion of a cartridge, which contains the powder, ball, and cap.—The barrel is grooved like the rifle, and the cartridge is also grooved so that it not only possesses the advantage of facility in loading, but of accuracy of aim. This improved revolver will be manufactured and in the market in the course of about four months.—Notwithstanding its diminutive size, it possesses considerable efficiency having thrown a ball across the Connecticut river, a distance of three hundred yards, and having also penetrated a two inch board.—*Washington Union.*

An Irish judge said, when addressing a prisoner: "You are to be hanged, and I hope it will prove a warning to you."

The city of New York is bankrupt. Hundreds of honest creditors are demanding payment, but are utterly unable to get the "first red."

THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.

THOS. W. ATKIN, Editor.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Thursday, Jan. 27, 1859.

Council of State.

Gov. Ellis convened the Council of State a few days since. The following gentlemen were nominated by the Governor and confirmed by the Council as a Board of Literature: W. P. Ward, of Jones, A. Henderson, of Rowan, and James B. Gordon, of Wilkes.

The following gentlemen were appointed Governor's Aids, with the rank of Colonel—James R. Love, Jr., of Jackson, J. V. Jordan, of Craven, T. H. Holmes of Sampson, E. C. Jordan, of Person.

A Board of Internal Improvements was also appointed, but as the people west of the Ridge have nothing to do with this subject—except to pay taxes—it is useless to consume space in noticing the appointments.

☞ Hon. Z. B. Vance has our thanks for a copy of the "Congressional Directory" for the present session.

☞ "The Bulletin" is the title of a spicy little daily paper, just established at Columbia, S. C. C. K. & J. E. Britton, Publishers; E. H. Britton, Editor. Its visits to our table are very acceptable, and will, we trust, be continued.

☞ Godey's Lady's Book for February is at hand. A brilliant number.

☞ Rev. Robertson Gannaway, of the Holston Conference, died at his residence in Virginia, on the 12th instant, aged about 80 years.

☞ In obedience to an order of the County Court, an election for Mayor and five Commissioners of the Town of Asheville, will be held next Tuesday, the 1st proximo, at the Court House.

☞ The Knoxville Register, heretofore a Whig and American paper, has been purchased by Col. J. F. J. Lewis, and converted into a Democratic journal. We are glad to see this improvement in the politics of the Register, and hail it as a good omen. Col. Lewis is a strong and graceful writer, and we predict for him a high position in the rank of journalists.

Horrible.—A Miss Sarah Judson, aged 18, a beautiful and wealthy young lady of Michigan, having been taught by her brute of a father that amalgamation was right, recently ran away and married a black buck negro.

☞ The New York Albion, speaking of two ladies who lost their lives by their dresses taking fire, says they were "burnt offerings to the Moloch of Fashion."

The New York Democracy.—The Democracy of the State of New York, it is said, determined to send delegates to the Charleston Convention, next year, favorable to the nomination of ex-Governor Seymour, of that State, for the Presidency. Failing in this, the delegates are then to be instructed to vote for a Southern man as the candidate.

A Large Dinner.—It is said that Senator Douglas' friends in Washington have subscribed two thousand dollars to give the great "champion" a big feed.

A Difference.—A lady in Mississippi sued a young man for damages to the amount of $10,000, for breach of promise of marriage; but the jury being married men, says a local paper, returned a verdict for only $10.

Death of a Millionaire.—Thomas Crompton, a paper manufacturer of Lancastershire, England, died recently, worth between £4,000,000 and £5,000,000.

Enormous Sausage.—Mr. Abraham Brenneman, of Rock's Gap, Rockingham county, Virgina, made a sausage not long since that measured twenty-nine yards in length, and weighed eighty pounds. This was in imitation of the Atlantic Cable.

☞ New Yorkers, in addition to swill milk and plaster of Paris sugar, now have "pickled eggs," the pickling is done by putting them in casks in summer containing lime and water, for winter use, when fresh eggs are "skerse."

Cheap Government.—The whole annual expenses of the State government of New Jersey were last year $202,000, about three-fifths of which are contributed by a tax upon railroad passengers.

Private Secretary.—Graham Daves, Esq., has been appointed Private Secretary to Gov. Ellis.

☞ Senator Jones has received anonymous letters from New York, warning him not to interfere or injure a hair of Judge Douglas' head, unless he wants to be assassinated.

☞ The mortality in New York, last year, reached the very large amount of 24,492 deaths, which, in a population of 700,000, is one death in every 29 of the population. Among the deaths are nearly fifteen thousand children.

President Buchanan.

HIS ADMINISTRATION.

The following extract from the South Carolina Guardian, an opposition paper, is a candid acknowledgement from an unbiased source. Our political opponents will sometimes express themselves truthfully, especially in these latitudes:

'It is well known that the Guardian is not a champion of the "Administration," or of "Democracy," but our journal is willing to accord to both all the credit they respectively deserve. We say that the Administration and the Democracy have not deceived the South. The Administration has at its head, as we believe, an able statesman, a sound and reliable "Constitutional" President. So far as we have observed, in all his official acts, in his recommendations, he has shown himself a true Southern man.—His Administration, from its formation to the present day, has had the whole cohorts of Abolitionism, Freesoilism and Black Republicanism leagued in bitter hostility to all its measures, and the savage fierceness with which they have ceaselessly assailed the President and the Cabinet is, of itself, a strong evidence that the government has been administered on constitutional principles, and that, in carrying out these principles, the President has endeavored to do justice to the South. Thus much we say for the Administration.

The Democratic party, identified with the measures of the Administration, have no formidable opponent but the Black Republican party. That they have committed errors in policy and in some of their measures, our own columns have frequently testified to, but that the Democratic party is the only one the South can consistently act in unison with, is a fact as clear as the noon-day sun.'

* * * * * * * *

'We are not of that party; we owe it no allegiance as a party journal, or as the conductors of that journal; we never received a dollar of its patronage—yea, more, the only party we could attach ourselves to as members or as journalists would be a true Southern Rights party—yet, notwithstanding all this, if in the Union we are compelled to do battle for the rights of the South, from every emotion of patriotism—from congeniality of political principles, and last though not least, from gratitude, from a reciprocity of fidelity to the many faithful members of that party, we and every true Southern man must fight with the Democratic party against all mongrel combinations in opposition to it, composed of black republicans, recent democrats, antiquated whigs and slippery Southern politicians and journals. It will take all these elements combined to make a decent fight against the Democracy, and the "Whig" knows, as its endorser, the "American," that when they call so lustily for a union of all the opposition, they, of necessity, receive into their mongrel league the Abolition and Freesoil hordes that now muster under the banner of Black Republicanism.

'We do not exchange with the Richmond Whig, and therefore cannot define its position on the politics of the present day. If, however, the paragraph, extracted from its columns by the Baltimore American, is an index of its general course, then it is a professing Southern journal, playing into the hands of the Black Republican party. The paper that extracts the article with commendatory remarks is of the same like.'

The Right Sort of Preachers.—"Fanny Fern" says a great many queer things, and sometimes makes a very sensible remark; as, for example, take the following on the subject of preaching:

Fanny Fern on Sermons.—I want a *human* sermon. I don't care what Melchisidec, or Zerubabel, or Gerendappuch did, ages ago; I want to know what I am to do, and I want somebody besides a theological bookworn to tell me—somebody who is sometimes tempted and tried, and is not too dignified to own it; somebody like me, who is always sinning and repenting; somebody who is glad and sorry, and cries and laughs, and eats and drinks, and *wants* to fight when he's trodden on—and *don't!* That's the minister for me. I don't want a spiritual abstraction, with stony eyes and petrified fingers, and no blood to battle with. What credit is it to him to be proper? How can he understand me?—Were there only such ministers in the pulpit, I wouldn't go to church either, because my impatient feet would only beat a tattoo on the pew floor till service was over; but thank God there are! and while they preach I shall go and hear them, and come home better and happier for having done it.

Times in Tennessee.—The Knoxville, Tenn., Whig has the following relative to the prospects with which Tennesseans commence the new year:

At no former period, has an equal amount of stock been driven from East Tennessee to the South, and sold for higher prices, in ready money. Stock drivers have generally made money—returned full handed—and paid off the stock raisers. Wheat is abundant, and commands cash at 90 cents. Pork is equally abundant, and is cashed at $5 per one hundred pounds. Mechanics and laborers are receiving cash for their work. Upon the whole, all trades, and callings, are encouraged, and our business prospects are daily growing better.

☞ Mr. Giddings, at the last act of his Congressional iniquities, broposes to expel Texas from the Union!

Hoops.—From fig leaves to flounces—what a stride!—How little Eve thought of the change these leaves of Paradise would go through from her long line of bewitching, rosy-fingured, rose-cheeked, rose-lipped daughters, as she stitched them together, weeping as she sewed, sitting on the second milestone from her lost estate of Eden.

Destructive Fires in Charleston.—Two destructive fires have occurred in Charleston within the past few days—the first on the 9th, destroying Chisholm's extensive rice mills, and the other on the 10th, destroying McLeish's foundry property.

The Danville Connection.

By notice in another column, it will be seen that the Danville connection has been defeated. The result is, indeed surprising.—That there should be sixty-five members of a Legislature, who can be so biased by sectional feelings as to drive the through travel entirely beyond the limits of the State of North Carolina, rather than permit it to take the central route is, indeed surprising. Had such an effort been made against the Hamburg connection in our State, by influence exerted by Charleston, it would have raised a storm of indignation against her which she would not soon have assuaged. The Danville connection has been opposed in that State because, forsooth, South Carolina, in her anxiety to retain the through travel, has hoped for its charter. It was thought, with rare shrewdness, to be significant of something unfavorable to North Carolina. Why may not the same reason have been urged against the Hamburg connection, in our State? What will be the result? Why travel, which would be obliged to go by Branchville in reaching Augusta, a distance of one hundred and thirty miles, would go direct, and thus pass over only a little more than half the length in South Carolina.—If the same narrow policy had governed our Legislature, the Hamburg connection would have been defeated; for there is not one single argument against the Danville connection that may not be urged against the Hamburg connection. They both are important connections in a line which alone can retain for these two States the through travel—and if South Carolina would derive benefit from the one, North Carolina would from the other.—We regard it as a triumph of the East Tennessee route, and we have no doubt that North Georgia, East Tennessee and Virginia will heartily thank the champions who have so effectually and by so large a majority throttled and destroyed a rival upon whom alone they had cause to look with dread.—To Wilmington it can be of no benefit. The fact is, Wilmington has exhibited a great want of confidence in her own attractiveness. Were she full of confidence, she would have hailed this Danville connection as a feeder.—She has regarded it, however as a drain, and thus confessed that, so small are the inducements which she can extend to trade if it has the alternate, it will go elsewhere. We do not, however, regard it as a question of trade, but of travel and increased mail facilities. The tobacco destined for either Columbia or Wilmington would be wagoned to Greensboro, and reach its destination over the same roads now that it would when the connection was made; the only difference being in facility. Wilmingtom is the first seaport that ever we heard of which objects to interior connections. Viewing it as a matter of trade—if she has confidence in herself—her opposition to the connection is an anomalous one. But it is a question of travel, for which the central routes of North and South Carolina are competing, and for which they only can successfully compete against the East Tennessee routes; and the decision of the North Carolina Legislature has been for the latter.—*Columbia South Carolinian.*

A Romance in Politics.—One of Texas' distinguished citizens, name not given, who has figured largely in public life, first as a lawyer, then as a soldier in the Mexican and Indian wars, and then as a leading politician, has the following related of him in a sketch of his life by the New Orleans Christian Advocate. He had been put up by his party in 1857 to succeed General Houston in the United States Senate; but, feeling called to the ministry, and distrusting his own abilities to resist the temptations of Washington life, was unwilling to accept the nomination. He laid the case before his wife, leaving to her the choice between the United States Senate and the destruction to his morals, and the pulpit and salvation:

"Taking the letters and papers from all parts of the State, giving him assurance of election, he went to his wife and said: 'I can go to the United States Senate. Here are the evidences. If you wish it, I will go. But if I go, hell is my doom. I shall die a drunkard as certain as I go to Washington. I can yet escape. If I pass this point, I never can. I can enter the ministry, which I ought to have done long ago, and save myself from a drunkard's grave, and my soul from hell. But you shall decide.' His poor wife, unwilling to relinquish the glittering prize in view, replied, weeping, that she could not see why he could not be a great man and a christian too. But, after prayerful reflection, she would not incur the fearful responsibility of deciding against his conscience, and told him to go into the itinerancy and she would go with him. To the astonishment of the whole State, a letter from him appeared in the papers, just before the meeting of the Legislature, declining the office and announcing his retirement from political life. The next thing that was heard of him was that he was preaching."

Ayer's American Almanac is now ready for delivery at Aston's, who is supplied with it by the publisher for distribution gratis to all who call for it. It contains about the richest collection of anecdotes we knew of—a callender accurately calculated for this meridian and found reliable, besides an amount of valuable medical information which should be in the possession of every family. This little annual has become a welcome visitor to the fireside of the American people,—and not to them alone, for its numbers are freely circulated in almost every civilized country under the sun. It is published in the English, French, Spanish and German languages, with calenders adapted to every maridian of the Northern Hemisphere. Over twenty-seven hundred thousand copies were issued last year, which is doubtless the largest edition of any one book in the world. Our readers are respectfully invited to call and get a copy, and when got, keep it.

Tender Hearted Wife.—The wife of a Mr. Brooks, at Homor, the other day threw a knife violently at her husband which put out one of his eyes. The amount of her conjugal love may be measured by the fact that she said afterwards she would have given five dollars rather than have it happen.

When Rothschild was asked whether he would not like to become a temporal King of the Jews in Palestine—"Oh, no," said he, "I would rather be *Jew* of the *Kings* than *King* of the *Jews*."

FOR THE NEWS.

Democratic Meeting in Cherokee.

At a Democratic meeting held pursuant to previous public notice, at the Court House in Murphey, on Wednesday Dec. 8th, 1858, Gen. B. S. Brittain was called to the Chair, and L. S. Saunders appointed Secretary.

On motion of N. G. Philips all Whigs present who were opposed to the Know Nothing party, and desired to participate in the proceedings of this meeting, were invited to do so.

N. G. Philips then moved that the Chairman appoint a committee of three to draft resolutions, which carried, and the Chairman appointed N. G. Philips, Aaron Ownbey and John Anderson, a committee. During the absence of the committee the meeting was addressed by the Secretary.

The committee returned and reported the following resolutions, which were adopted by the unanimous vote of the Democracy present:

Whereas, this is a Southern Rights District, and is respresented in the U. S. House of Representatives by a Know Nothing; and whereas, it is proper the Democratic party should be organised for the ensuing summer canvass, and to that end it may be necessary to hold a District Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress; therefore

Resolved, 1. That the Chairman of this meeting be requested to appoint twenty delegates to represent the Democracy of Cherokee county in said Convention, and in case none of them should attend, to appoint such proxies as he may think proper.

Resolved, 2. That we recommend Thursday the 24th day of March, 1859, as the time, and Asheville as the place, for said Convention, if it should be holden.

Resolved, 3. That while we will cheerfully abide the decision of said Convention, we hereby declare David Coleman, of Buncombe, to be by all odds the first and favorite choice of the Democracy of Cherokee, with whom as our standard bearer, we are assured of the utter impossibility of defeat.

Resolved, 4. That while we congratulate the people of the State on the able delegation secured by our present Legislature to the U. S. Senate, in the selection of both our Senators, we hail with feelings of peculiar pride and gratification the election of our friend and fellow citizen, Hon. T. L. Clingman, to a post he will so highly adorn.

Col. R. G. A. Love, of Haywood, being then called on, addressed the meeting in support of the resolutions, in a happy manner, taking occasion to administer a just rebuke in noble and dignified terms, to certain prominent Know Nothings present, who had been disturbing the meeting.

Under the first resolution, the Chairman appointed the following delegates: M. Fain, Wm. Manchester, N. G. Philips, L. Hubart, S. Rhea, John Hall, T. C. Tatham, William Walker, L. B. Tatham, Samuel Sherrill, Jno. W. Rhea, John Anderson, Aaron Ownbey, R. B. Chambers, E. Herbert, B. F. Allison, Joseph Dameron, Dr. John Ledford, Elisha Headden and Henry Plott.

Proxies—Marcus Erwin, Dr. John Yancy, Col. W. M. Hardy and Dr. J. S. T. Baird.

On motion, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the list of delegates.

On motion, it was ordered that the Asheville News be requested to publish these proceedings, and other Democratic papers be requested to copy.

The meeting then adjourned *sine die*.

B. S. BRITTAIN, Ch'n.
L. S. Saunders, Sec'y.

Congressional.

Washington, January 18.

Senate.—The Senate adopted a resolution calling for all the correspondence with Spain in relation to Cuba.

The Pacific Railroad bill was so encumbered with amendments, as to render it unintelligible. Its consideration was therefore postponed, in order that the bill might be printed.

House.—The bill giving recorders of land offices a fixed salary of $2,500 per annum was passed. Another was passed extending the time for the bounty land act. Another for repaying amounts paid the Government for public lands. Another authorizing the pre-emption of lands in the 16th and 56th sections.

The bill for the codification of the revenue laws was defeated by a large majority.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Cox, of Ohio made a speech strongly advocating the acquisition of Cuba, saying that the restrictive commercial laws existing on the Island were alone sufficient for its seizure. He favored sending a fleet into the Gulf, with a commissioner to treat with Juarez, as he represented nine tenths of the Mexican people. He predicted that the alliance between France and England would be of short duration, but if it continued we have nothing to fear if we unite on the Monroe doctrine.

Mr. Heckman followed in favor of a protective tariff.

Other speeches were made but no action had.

A committee was appointed to investigate charges against persons connected with the Navy Department, of having sold places and situations in the Navy Yards at Brooklyn and Philadelphia, thus diverting the public money for electioneering purposes.

Washington, Jan. 19.

In the Senate a resolution of inquiry in relation to the statistics of the direct trade of United States with Cuba, was passed. The Invalid Pension Bill was up, but no decision arrived at.

In the House a bill was passed confirming State grants of land to the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. The Consular-Diplomatic Bill was under discussion. Mr. Keitt made an able and brilliant speech on the Cuban question, reviewing the resources and position of that island. He stated that the people of the United States had a long list of grievances against both Spain and Cuba, and that if the former refused to sell, war should be declared, and Cuba forcibly taken possession of.

Explosion of a Powder Mill.

Portland, Me., Jan. 17.

The Kenasking Mills of the Gotham Powder Works, containg 80 kegs of powder, blew up on Saturday afternoon, killing Mr. David R. Jones. The mills were owned by G. G. Newhall & Co., of Salem, Mass.

BY LAST NIGHT'S MAIL.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The vote defeating the Coalfields Road bill in the Senate, was reconsidered, and the bill finally passed by a vote of 21 to 19.—What its fate will be in the House, remains to be seen.

On the 17th, the Western Extension bill was taken up in the Senate. Gen. Edney advocated the passage of the bill in an able and lengthy argument.

Col. Thomas, of Jackson, moved as an amendment that Duck Town, instead of Paint Rock, be made the terminus of the Road.—This Gen. Edney, and other friends of the bill, warmly opposed; but after considerable discussion, Mr. Thomas' amendment was adopted, and the bill as amended put upon its final passage, and rejected—*of course.*

There was some talk during the discussion and after the rejection of the bill, of trying to fix up another, to suit every body. That can be done, of course, without difficulty—just as easily, in fact, as you could convert the moon into green cheese.

The remarks of Gen. Edney shall appear hereafter.

The bill incorporating the Greensboro' and Danville Road was defeated in the House of Commons by a large majority.

Dr. Baird has introduced a bill removing the restrictions from the Greenville & French Broad Charter.

The Revenue bill passed its second reading in the House, and is likely to become a a law. It proposes, as we understand, an increase of $150,000. Of this $50,000 are intended for the Public Treasurer, as recommended by him, and $100,000 for the Sinking Fund, as recommended by the Commissioners of that Fund. For this latter fund the Public Treasurer recommended such an increase as would ultimately be sufficient for the redemption of the public debt.

The House also passed to its third reading the bill providing for a freehold homestead of fifty acres of land in the country, and two acres in any incorporated town; this freehold to be exempt from levy and sale, and to be thus secured to heads of families. The bill passed by a vote of 61 to 21. If it should go through the House it will still remain to be acted on by the Senate, as it is a House bill.

The New Tax Bill.

We have received a copy of the new Revenue bill, introduced by Mr. Fries, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the House of Commons. It consists of 115 Sections, and goes over the whole ground, being intended as a substitute for the existing law.—A hasty glance shows the following changes (there are probably others) from the old law.

A re-assessment of value of real estate is to be made this year and every four years thereafter; with proper provisions for securing a fair cash valuation. Provision is made for re-valuation in case of increase or decrease in value.

The real estate tax is fixed at 20 cents, instead of 15, on the $100. The poll tax at 80 cents, instead of 50 cents.

Turnpikes, toll bridges and gates across highways, $15 each. Ferries, 1 per cent. of receipts.

Note shavers, a tax of 1-2 per cent on all their purchases, besides the tax of 4 per cent. on the interest received.

Negro traders, 1 2 per cent. instead of 1-3, on purchase.

Gold and silver plate, 1 per cent., instead of 1 1 4

Silver watches, 50 cents each instead of 30.

Dentists, physicians, lawyers, &c., commission merchants, factors, produce brokers, auctioneers, officers, and employees of all kinds, who receive $500 a year, are taxed 1 per cent.

Distillers of spirituous liquors, 3 cents on every gallon made.

6 cents on every gallon or bottle of spirits, wine, &c., brought into the State, whether for sale or use. [This is in lieu of the liquor tax of 5 pr. ct.]

The merchant tax is raised from 1-3 to 1 2 of 1 per cent. Articles received in barter exempted, (but no express exemption of purchases of produce) Ready made clothing 1 1 2 instead of 1 per cent. Patent medicines 10 per cent. instead of 33 1 3. Peddlers $40 instead of $100 in each county.

For an act of incorporation $25.

The Bank tax is fixed at 1 2 per cent. if the dividends are 6 and not over 7 per cent.; 3-4 if dividends are not over 8 per cent.; and 1 per cent. if over 8 per cent.

The various other objects of taxation remain unchanged.

Sheriffs are required to give separate receipts for State and County taxes.—*Fayetteville Observer.*

The Border Warfare.--Fort Scott.

St. Louis, Jan. 19.

The Kansas City Journal of the 13th inst., says that Judge Williams, of Fort Scotts had arrived there en route to confer with Gov. Medary concerning the troubles in the Southern part of Kansas.

He represents the neighborhood of Fort Scott to be under a reign of terror. Business was suspended. Women and children were being removed to places of safety. The citizens were under arms, and stood guard day and night.

The Missouri Legislature.

St. Louis, Jan. 18.

The Senate has passed the House bill for the suppression of the Border difficulties with an amendment placing $30,000 at the disposal of the Governor, with liberty to act as he thinks proper.

Annexation of Cuba.

Washington, January 19.

Hon. L. M. Keitt made a flaming speech to-day, in the House of Representatives, favoring the annexation of Cuba.

Congressional.

Washington, Jan. 18.

On Monday the death of Hon. T. L. Harris, of the sixth Congressional District of Illinois, was announced, and suitable eulogies delivered.

In the Senate on Tuesday, the Pacific Railroad Bill was discussed. The Postal Committee have agreed to report a bill re establishing the postage rates of the law of 1845.

In the House several unimportant bills were passed. Cuban and Mexican affairs were discussed.

The postmaster General estimates the total expenses of his department at $17,000,000 for the ensuing year.

☞ The Griffin papers contain an advertisement offering $500 reward for the apprehension of a man named William Holland, about 45 years of age, weighing upwards of 200 lbs., and 6 feet high. Said Holland it seems, after selling negroes belonging to other men and resorting to various other expedients to "raise the wind," left for parts unknown, and in the hurry of departure, forgot his own wife and children and carried off the wife and child of one of his neighbors, whom he had sent to Macon to get some negroes he pretended he had purchased there!

The Masonic fraternity are cautioned against this scamp, as it is said he was a member of that honorable brotherhood.—*Southern Watchman.*

Judge Marchbanks, while holding a court at Manchester, Tenn., fell dead on the bench.

Volcanic.—Mount Vesuvius is said to be firing up uncommon. It is cracking, opening, vomiting lava in all directions, and "cutting up" generally, in a very improper manner, to the great danger of Resina and Portici. House lots in these two places are said to be of "not much account," pecuniarily.

A Crippled Congressman.—A correspondent of a cotemporary, in noticing the arrival at Washington of the Hon. Sherrard Clemens, of Va., says:

Why he has undergone the suffering consequent upon his journey is inexplicable.—He is wholly unable to walk or ride, and had to be carried from the steamboat on a litter. It is, therefore, impossible for him to attend the sessions of Congress, and there is little hope of his being able to do so this winter.—His only consolation is the fact that he once fought a duel.

Mechanic's Ticket.

FOR MAYOR.

John M. Ledford,

FOR COMMISSIONEERS.

E. Clayton,
R. S. Alexander,
G. W. Shackelford,
W. T. White,
John Martin.

NEW PROGRAMME FOR 1859.

THREE years experience in trade at Asheville has satisfied me that the credit system

WON'T PAY.

I am therefore compelled by a decent regard for myself, my friends and the "rest of mankind," to declare my intention to abandon the credit system, and consequently to announce to my friends and the public generally that from and after the

FIRST OF FEBRUARY, 1859,

no accounts will be kept, except such as are made a matter of special agreement between the parties and subject to *prompt settlement* on the first of July and January in cash year.

While I have too high a sense of the responsibility of the position of Druggist and Apothecary, to defy competition *as to price*, I can and do defy any and all competition *as to quality*, and consequently have no hesitation in guaranteeing all medicines put up and sold by me to *be pure, fresh, genuine and reliable.*

To the many thousand friends who have thus far extended me their patronage, I take this occasion to tender my grateful acknowledgments, and also beg leave to express the hope that my future prompt attention to business, and constant and unceasing efforts to serve them, may merit their kind appreciation and approval, and that I may continue to receive a liberal share of their generous encouragement.

And in conclusion, allow me to repeat the fact, and let it not be forgotten, that every article of medicine put up and sold by me is warranted to be as represented, or the money refunded.

Thus endeth the first chapter.

ED. J. ASTON.

Asheville, Jan. 27, 1859.

NOTICE.

ON Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of Madison Superior Court, in April next, we will, in the

TOWN OF MARSHALL,

proceed to sell all the residue of the unsold LOTS. Also, about Ten Acres, which will be laid off in Lots, in the Island.

A credit of one and two years will be given, the purchaser giving bond and approved security, with interest from date.

J. W. ANDERSON, } Commis-
JOHN A. FAGG, } sioners.

Jan. 27, 1859. tf

HAVE you been to **Jackson's,** since he adopted the

Cash System.

If you have not, be sure to go when you want any other goods. He is selling very cheap for Cash.

IF you want Books, Drugs or Medicines go to Aston's, but if you want any other kind of goods, call at the

Cheap Cash Store,

Opposite Gudger's Hotel.

W. H. JACKSON.

Jan. 27, 1859.

IF YOU have any money to spend try Jackson first.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO. wish to buy all the Feathers, Beef Hides, Wool and Cash you have to spare. Jan. 6 1859.

NEW SYSTEM

THE undersigned having become fully convinced that the **PAY DOWN** system is decidedly the best, both for the merchant and his patrons, in this country, has adopted that system, and will in future

MAKE NO ACCOUNTS

with any one.

He will keep a large and complete

STOCK OF GOODS,

on hand, to suit the wants of the people, and will sell at the lowest possible rate, for **Cash,** or on reasonable terms for

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Consequently, it will be to the interest of all to pay for their Goods when they buy them. His *STOCK* at present consists in part of the following articles—

Brown, bleached, striped and plaid Domestic—a large lot; Bed Tick; Calico; Ginghams; Oil and Furniture Prints; bleached and brown Sheeting; white, red and yellow Flannel; Opera Flannels, all colors; De Laines, Cashmeres, Alpaccas and Merinos—a great variety of colors and qualities; Irish Linen; table Linen, Damask; Linen Sheeting; Pillow Case Linen and Linen Toweling, a large stock of superior quality; Lace Window Curtains, nice and cheap; Tweeds, Jenes, Cassimeres, and Cloths black and colored—a considerable assortment.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

A large lot of Pants, Business Coats, Dress Cloth Coats from $8 to $22; Vests from 75 cents to $10; Linen & Marsailes Collars; Linen & Marsailes Shirts, fancy and white; Net Shirts; Net brown & bleached Drawers; brown and bleached Half Hose; Cravats; Handkerchiefs; Gloves; Suspenders; Boots and Shoes, a great variety; Hats, any quantity, and qualities to suit all; table and pocket Cutlery, a good assortment; Iron, a large lot; a fresh supply of

SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE, SODA, GINGER, PEPPER, Spice, Shot, Lead, Caps and Chewing and Smoking Tobacco of all grades.

All of which I respectfully invite all persons in want of Goods to call and examine & price, feeling assured I can give sufficient inducement to effect sales.

Asheville, Jan. 27, 1859. **W. H. JACKSON.**

NOTICE!!

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE undersigned having been appointed according to law, to administer upon the estate of the late Moses Freeman, deceased, who died intestate, will, on Saturday the 12th of February proximo, at the late residence of said intestate, sell all the personal property belonging to said estate.

Much of the property to be sold is valuable. It consists principally of

4 LIKELY NEGROES.

HORSES,

HOGS, CATTLE,

Corn, Oats, Rye,

HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN

Funiture, & Farming Tools,

&c., &c., &c.,

The sale will be made on a credit of 6 months, and the purchaser will be required to give bond and approved security for the purchase money.

A. E. BAIRD.
Administrater.

Marshall, N. C.
Jan. 27, 1859.

FLOUR, Corn Meal, & Seed Oats, for sale cheap for Cash at W. H. JACKSON'S

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to me, either by note or account, will do well to come and settle right away, as I here enter my eternal protest against asking for it, but will send some one else to get it.

T. C. WINGATE,

Jan. 27, 1859. tf

State of North Carolina,

Madison County.

Superior Court of Law—Fall Term, 1858.

M. B. Buckner
vs.
Eliza M. Buckner.

Petition for divorce.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Eliza M. Buckner, the Defendant in this case, is a non resident of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Asheville News for six successive weeks, notifying the said Eliza M. Buckner to be and appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for the county of Madison at the Court House in Marshall, on the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to plaintiff's petition, or judgment pro confesso will be taken as to her.

Witness, L. M. Allen, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday in Sept., 1858, and in the 83d year of our Independence. Issued 22d Jan. 1859.

L. M. ALLEN, *Clk.*

Jan. 27. Printer's fee $6. 6w

State of North Carolina,

Madison County.

Superior Court of Law—Fall Term, 1858.

L. D. Beachboard
vs.
J. D. Woodward et al.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that J. D. Woodward, one of the Defendants in this suit, is a non resident of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Asheville News for six successive weeks, notifying the said J. D. Woodward to be and appear at the next Superior Court of law to be held for the county of Madison at the Court House in Marshall, on the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said suit, or judgment exparte will be taken as to him.

Witness, L. M. Allen, Clerk of said Court, at Office in Marshall, the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday in Sept., 1858, and in the 83d year of our Independence. Issued the 22d day of Jan. 1859.

L. M. ALLEN, *Clk.*

Jan. 27. Printer's fee $6. 6w

THE GROVER & BAKER

SEWING MACHINE CO.

HAVING greatly increased their facilities for manufacturing their Celebrated Family Machines, with all the recent improvements, have reduced their prices, and offer for sale

A NEW STYLE MACHINE.

PRICE $50.

Hemmers $5 Extra.

It is no longer questioned that these Machines are the best in use for family sewing. They

Hem, Fell, Gather, and Stitch

in the most superior manner, and are the only machines in the market that are so well and simply made, that they may be sent into families with no other instructions than are contained in a circular which accompanies each machine, and from which

A Child of Ten Years

may readily learn how to use them, and keep them in order. They make upwards of

Fifteen Hundred Stitches A Minute,

and will do the sewing of a family cheaper than a seamstress can do it, even if she works at the rate of

One Cent An Hour.

Is there a husband, father, or brother in the United States, who will permit the drudgery of hand sewing in his family, when a Grover & Baker Machine will do it better, more expeditiously, and cheaper than can possibly be done by hand?

Offices of Exhibition and Sale:—495 Broadway, New York. 18 Summer Street, Boston.—730 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. 137 Baltimore Street, Baltimore. 58 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati.

Agencies in all the principal Cities and Towns in the United States.

☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. ☜

January 13, 1859.

Desirable Town Property

FOR SALE.

BARGAINS!

The subscriber offers for sale all his Town Property, well known as among the best located, best improved, and most valuable in the place.

The lot on which he lives, within three minutes walk of the Court House, contains about two acres, and has upon it a new and elegant

DWELLING HOUSE,

containing ten rooms, and all necessary out buildings. There is a well of excellent water in the yard. The whole improvement is new and of the best description, and as a residence very desirable.

—ALSO—

His Store House and Lot, near the public square, and immediately opposite Gudger's Hotel. There is an excellent

Brick Store House,

45 by 26 feet, three stories, having attached a good ware house, ice house, sheds and offices. The lot contains about an acre and a half lying immediately on Main street. This is one of the oldest and most popular business stands in Asheville.

—ALSO—

About Ninety Acres of Land, lying immediately adjoining the residence,—much of it well timbered, and all of it good tillable land, and lying within the corporate limits of the town.

This property forms one of the best settlements for a business man to be found anywhere. It will be sold separately, or together, to suit purchasers. Any one wishing to buy such property will of course examine it for themselves, and a further description is, therefore, deemed unnecessary. It will be sold on accommodating terms.

JESSE S. SMITH.

January 6, 1859. tf

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the Legislature, now in session, to incorporate Bascom College, to be located at Leicester, in Buncombe county; also, to incorporate the said town of Leicester.

NOTICE.

Application will be made to the General Assembly to amend the Charter of the Sulphur Springs and Paint Rock Turnpike Company.

NOTICE.

Negroes for Sale!

LAND TO RENT!

WHEREAS, the undersigned having taken out Letters Testamentary on the Estate of Samuel W. Davidson, deceased, will proceed to sell, on

The 3d Day of February, 1859,

at the late residence of said deceased, on the Swannanoa, to the highest bidder, the following property, to wit:

12 or 13 likely NEGROS

Consisting of Men Women & Boys.

A quantity of Corn, Rye, &c.

10 or 15 head of Hogs, Sheep, &c.

A quantity of Sole and Upper Leather, with a variety of other articles.

A credit of 12 months will be given on the Negros, the purchaser giving bond and approved security, the notes bearing interest from date. The other property will be sold on 12 months credit, without interest.

There will be several

Tracts of Land

rented, at the same time and place. One tract known as "The Meadow Place," others as "Long's Branch," "Toddies' Cove," "Stand Flat," &c.

A. BURGIN,
W. F. DAVIDSON,
Executors.

January 20, 1859. 3w

C. W. GILLESPIE,

Attorney at Law,

HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.

WILL attend *promptly* to all business entrusted to his care. Claims of all kinds sent to him for collection will meet with *early* and *prompt* attention.

January 20, 1859. 6m

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm and style of *Orr & Coggins,* was dissolved this day by mutual consent.

J. P. ORR,
J. W. COGGINS.

January 20, 1859. 3w

NEW SYSTEM!

Better Times for Buyer & SELLER!

On and after the 17th day of January, 1859, I will sell no Goods except for

"CASH"

or its eqivalent. I have seen and felt the evil of the "Credit System," in this Country, notwithstanding the short time I have been engaged in business in Asheville, consequently have resolved to sell only for

"PAY DOWN"

in future.

I will make it to the interest of all persons to pay down for their Goods when they make the purchase, by selling at

Very Low Prices.

Call and price my goods, at the reduced rates proposed, and you will be induced to pay cash, and save the large percentage usually paid for a

SHORT CREDIT.

P. S. I do not desire to offend any of my former patrons, but this course I feel assured will benefit the purchaser as well as myself, and will, consequently, in no case depart from it.

W. H. JACKSON.

January, 11, 1859.

ASHEVILLE

CARRIAGE SHOP.

HAVING bought the interest of E. L. Triplett in the wood shop, I now offer my services to the citizens of Asheville and surrounding country. Thankful for past favors, I will continue to carry on the

Carriage and Buggy Making

business in its various branches. Also, wagons, carts, &c. I still occupy the old stand of James Smith, in the south of Asheville.

From my long experience, I flatter myself I shall be able to give entire satisfaction.—My work shall not be surpassed in the State.

Repairing neatly executed at short notice, and must be paid for before removed.

Produce taken in exchange for work.

Orders from a distance promptly attended.

D. C. McGREGOR.

Asheville, January 20, '59. tf

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my interest in the "*ASHEVILLE CARRIAGE SHOP,*" to D. C. McGregor, I take pleasure in recommending him to the citizens of Buncombe, not only as a superior workman, but also as a sober, industrious and worthy man. He is authorized to close the business of the late firm, and those indebted will please come forward at once and settle up, as the business must be wound up.

E. L. TRIPLETT.

January 20, '59. 4w

A CHANGE.

HAVING bought out the stock of Goods of Mr. M. Patton, and associated him with us in business, on the 1st instant, our business will for a term of years be conducted under the name and style of

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

We are grateful to our friends for the very liberal patronage extended to our establishment heretofore, and hope to merit a continuance of their favors.

We intend to keep a good assortment, and will sell on as accommodating terms as possible; and want to do business so as to live and let live. To do this, we must adhere strictly to having all matters closed punctually at the end of each year.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

January 1, 1859.

EVERY kind of country produce taken in exchange for Goods, at

Nov. 18. J. A. PATTON'S.

ONE WORD.

ALL indebted to us will bear in mind that the year has closed, and we have served them faithfully. Now return the compliment by serving us, and allowing us to pass receipts in full.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

January 1, 1859.

Office W. N. C. R. R. Co.

Statesville, Dec. 30, 1858.

ORDERED, by the Board of Directors of the W. N. C. R. R. Co., That Books of Subscription be opened for sixty days from and after the 1st January, 1859, at the following places, and under the direction of the following persons, or any three of them, for the sum of $300,000, being the estimated sum necessary to be subscribed by solvent persons or counties, to construct and complete the 2nd Division of the W. N. C. R. R. from Morganton to Old Fort, in McDowell County:—

Salisbury, under the direction of A. Henderson, J. I. Shaver, B. F. Fraley, D. A. Davis, Wm. Murphy.

Statesville, under the direction of J. F. Alexander, J. W. Stockton, L. C. Sharpe, W. F. Watts, Hugh Reynolds.

Newton, under the direction of Jonas Bost, John Wilfong, G. Sitzer, D. B. Gaither, M. L. McCorkle.

Morganton, under the direction of E. J. Erwin, Thos. G. Walton, W. F. McKesson, C. M. Avery, Alexander Duckworth.

Marion, under the direction of Wm. Murphy, Jasper Neal, Alney Burgin, A. M. Erwin, and J. L. Carson.

Lenoir, under the direction of James Harper, R. B. Bogle, C. C. Jones, Smith Powell, Ed. Jones or any three of them.

Taylorsville, under the direction of Jos. M. Bogle, A. C. McIntosh, A. Carson, Robert Wilson, W. G. James, or any three of them.

Asheville, under the direction of N. W. Woodfin, J. W. Patton, W. W. McDowell, A. S. Merrimon, John Burgin.

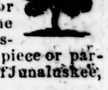
At the expiration of sixty days the Commissioners will please forward the Books to this Office.

R. F. SIMONTON,
Sec'y & Treas'r.

January 13, 1859.—2m.

SALE OF VALUABLE LAND.

IN obedience to a decree of the Court of Equity of Cherokee county, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, at the Court House in Murphey, on Tuesday of march Court next, a certain piece or parcel of land, belonging to the Estate of Junaluskee, deceased. Said land lies in the



VALLEY TOWN CHEOWEE,

in Cherokee county. There is in the tract 339 acres, the larger portion of it level, and will make a fine farm. It was given to Junaluskee by the Legislature of North Carolina, for his brave services in the war of 1812.

TERMS OF SALE.

One third of the purchase money is to be paid down One third in one year, and the other in two years, with interest from date.

N. S. JARRETT, Com.,

Jan. 13, 1859. 6t

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Dr. J. F. E. Hardy and Dr. W. L. Hilliard was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm are requested to come forward and settle at once, without further notice.

J. F. E. HARDY,
W. L. HILLIARD.

Dec. 31, 1858.

W. L. HILLIARD, M. D.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Office first door south of the Bank. ☜

January 6, 1859.

FAMILY GROCERY AND CONFECTIONARY.

THE subscribers having determined to supply Asheville, and vicinity, with what has been long needed, a first class

FAMILY GROCERY,

are now receiving a large assortment of Goods in their line, consisting in part of

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Rice, Fish, Cheese, Crackers, Pickles, Candies, Raisins, Almonds, Toys of Every Kind,

and a general stock of Fancy Goods, making their establishment a genuine

VARIETY STORE.

They have a choice stock of Cigars and Tobacco.

They invite the public to call and examine their assortment, and they will find every article fresh and excellent, and prices extremely low. Store nearly opposite Gaines, Deaver & Co., in the brick house long known as a Drug Store.

SULLIVAN & PATTON.

P. S.—No Books kept in the establishment.

Dec. 2, 1858.

PHILIPS' HOTEL.

Murphey, N. C.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the public that he is prepared to render comfortable all who may honor him with a visit.

HIS TABLE

shall be supplied with the best the county affords which, with comfortable Beds, and unremitting attention to his guests, will be trusts render his Establishment worthy of patronage, a liberal portion of which he solicits. His stables shall always be supplied with

Good Horse feed, and a Good Hostler.

Call and give me a Trial and you shall be pleased.

N. G. PHILIPS.

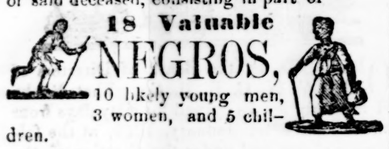
January 20, 1859.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO. buy all kinds of FUR. Boys, bring in your Raccoon and Opossum skins. Jan. 6, 1859.

IMPORTANT SALE.

18 Valuable Negroes, Cattle, Mules, Horses, &c., &c., &c.

ON Thursday, the 27th day of January instant, we will expose to public sale, at the late residence of Capt. Thomas Foster, deceased, two miles east of Asheville, all the perishable property belonging to the Estate of said deceased, consisting in part of



18 Valuable NEGROS,

10 likely young men, 3 women, and 5 children.

—ALSO—

7 Head of Horses and Mules;

40 Head of very fine Cattle,
40 " of Hogs;
3 Wagons;
1 Set of Smith Tools;
All the Farming Tools;
1 Wheat Fan;
Twelve or Fifteen Hundred Bushels Corn.
A large quantity of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Hay, Fodder and Shucks;
Seven or Eight Thousand pounds BACON;
A large quantity of Lard;
1 Still and Vessels;
All the household and kitchen Furniture; together with many other articles too numerous to mention.

A credit of twelve months will be given, the purchaser giving bond and approved security.

All persons having claims against said Estate are requested to present them immediately; and those indebted will please make payment.

G. C. ALEXANDER,
THOS. H. FOSTER,
Executors.

January 6, 1859. tds

***Herald of Truth copy, and forward bill to Executors.

Asheville MALE ACADEMY.

THE 2d session of this Academy will commence on Monday the 3d of January, 1859, and will continue twenty weeks. The building is entirely new, and located about one half mile from the Court House, in a pleasant grove west of the village.

The course of instruction will be thorough in every branch, and the great importance of *self-dependence* will be inculcated in every thing that is taught. Parents desiring to give their sons an English Education, or to have them prepared to enter any Southern College, will address Isaac B. Sawyer.

To those advanced in Mathematics practical instruction will be given in Surveying and the measuring of Heights and Distances, with the use of the Compass, Transit, Theodolite, Level and Rod. Instruction given in Profile making for grading in estimating Earth work and Masonry, and in the general principles of Civil Engineering. Persons desiring *particular* information in regard to the Classical or English Course, will please address I. B. Sawyer, or the undersigned.

Prices—$6 00, 9 00, 12 00, 15 00.

E. PRENTISS TUCKE, Principal.

January 6, 1859.

Gudger's Hotel,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

J. H. GUDGER, Proprietor.

The Southern, Eastern and Murphey stages stop at this House.

Asheville, October 7, 1858.

MEDICAL CARD.

Drs. J. L. & W. Crumley,

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Medicine in its various branches, will practice in Burnsville and surrounding country. For the information of those interested, they give a synopsis of their regular charges: For a visit in town, in daylight, $1; at night, $2; in the country 50 cents per mile; at night, or very inclement weather, double that price; for attending to a case of obstetrics, from $5 to $10, exclusive of mileage. For all Surgical operations the regular charges will be made.

Burnsville, Dec. 16, 1858.

W. L. TATE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

HAVING located at Asheville, will attend the Courts of Buncombe and surrounding counties. Office at Gudger's Hotel.

December 16, 1858.

Iron, Nails and Castings.

A First rate lot of Iron, Nails and Castings; just received. Over 2000 lbs. of Oven Lids, of all sizes and descriptions.

Nov. 25, 1858. J. A. PATTON.

AMBROTYPE GALLERY

FOR SALE.

FURNISHED complete for operating. Instruments of the best quality, 4-4 size, &c. Room well arranged, with large and superior sky light, and a most desirable stand—one that is paying well. A bargain will be given to any one wishing to engage in the business. Instruction imparted to the purchaser without charge, and all things sold for less than New York cost. For particulars address the subscriber.

O. M. LEWIS.

Asheville, Nov. 11, 1858.

New Goods! New Goods!

THE subscriber having bought out the firm of J. M. Blair & Co., is now receiving and opening, at their old stand, a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS, Fancy and Staple, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, Youths and Men's Clothing, Hardware, Drugs AND Groceries.

He solicits a share of the public patronage, and promises to sell as cheap for **CASH** as any one can desire. Before you buy give him a call.

JAMES A. PATTON.

Asheville, Nov. 4, 1858.

ALL who wish to purchase *cheap Goods* can be accommodated at the store of

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

ASHEVILLE Mutual Insuranc Company,

AT a meeting of the members of the *Asheville Mutual Insurance Company*, convened in Asheville on Friday October 17th, the following Board of Directors and Officers were elected to serve during the year, viz:

DIRECTORS.

James W. Patton, W. D. Rankin, J. M. Blair, N. W. Woodfin, J. E. Patton, B. J. Smith, Hugh Johnston, Ephraim Clayton, M. Patton.

OFFICERS.

J. R. OSBORNE, President.
W. W. McDOWELL, Vice President.
J. B. RANKIN, Secretary and Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

J. W. PATTON, W. D. RANKIN, M. PATTON.

MEDICAL BOARD.

J. F. E. HARDY, M. D.
J. D. BOYD, " "
W. L. HILLIARD, " "

ATTORNIES.

Z. B. VANCE, A. S. MERRIMON.

All communications should be addressed to

J. B. RANKIN, *Secretary.*

Asheville, Nov. 15, 1856.

North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Compan.

OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company insures the lives of individuals for one year, a term of years, or for life, on the MUTUAL PRINCIPLE, the assured for life participating in the profits of the Company. For policies granted for the whole term of life, when the premium therefor amounts to $30, a note may be given for one half the amount of the premium bearing interest at 6 per cent without guaranty.

The prompt manner in which all losses have been paid by this Company together with the low rates of premium, present great inducements to such as are disposed to insure.

SLAVES are insured for a term of from one to five years, for two thirds their value.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

DIRECTORS.

Charles E. Johnson,	Wm. W. Holden,
Wm. D. Haywood,	Wm. D. Cooke,
James F. Jordan,	R. H. Battle,
Quinten Busbee,	Wm. H. Jones,
H. W. Husted,	P. F. Pescud,
Wm. H. McKee,	K. P. Battle.
Charles B. Root,	

OFFICERS.

Dr. Charles E. Johnson, President,
William D. Haywood, Vice President.
R. H. Battle, Secretary,
William H. Jones, Treasurer,
H. W. Husted, Attorney,
Charles E. Johnson, M. D. } Medical
William H. McKee, M. D. } Board of
Richd. B. Haywood, M. D. } Consultation.
Q. Busbee, }
W. H. McKee, } Executive Com-
Charles B. Root, } mittee.

For further information, the public are referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the Office of the Company, or any of its Agencies.

Communications should be addressed, (post paid,) to R. H. BATTLE, Secretary.

A. T. SUMMEY, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, 1857—1y.

North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company.

AT the Annual Meeting of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company, held on the 14th inst., the following persons were elected Directors and Officers for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS:

Henry D. Turner, Raleigh.
J. R. Williams, do.
T. H. Selby, do.
C. M. D. Hutchings, do.
Kemp P. Battle, do.
George Little, do.
James M. Towles, do.
James E. Hoyt, Washington.
Alex. Mitchell, Newbern.
Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington.
John M. Jones, Edenton.
W. M. Griffin, Elizabeth City.
F. F. Fagan, Plymouth.
J. W. Harrell, Murfreesboro.
H. B. Milliams, Charlotte.
George A. Smith, Milton.
O. F. Long, Hillsboro'.
Joseph White, Anson county.
Josh. Boner, Salem.
A. T. Summey, Asheville.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

T. H. Selby, President.
H. D. Turner, Vice President.
John H. Bryan, Attorney.
Hamden S. Smith, Secretary and Treasurer.
T. H. Selby, *ex officio*, }
John R. Williams, } Executive Committee
C. W. D. Hutchings, }

This Company has been in successful operation over 10 years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State, (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms. Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,737,649, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present Capital is over Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds, properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent. per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid. HAMDEN S. SMITH, Sec.

A. T. SUMMEY, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, '57. 1y

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned having purchased the property known as the Dunlap house, has removed from his old stand opposite the Eagle Hotel, and may now be found, permanently located, one door East of the Jail, and facing the

Public Square.

He has in store, and will keep constantly on hand, a large and excellent assortment of

CONFECTIONARIES.

Cakes, bread, crackers, fish, cheese, candies, cigars, tobacco, snuff, &c., always on hand.

Call and see, at the new stand.

M. L. DOYLE.

August 26, 1858. tf

Shingles.

I want twelve or fifteen thousand Shingles—White or Yellow Pine.

Nov. 18, 1858. JAMES A. PATTON.

ANYTHING you want, usually found in village stores, for sale cheap, by

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *Charitable Act* worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give *Medical Advice Gratis* to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, habits, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, to *Furnish Medicines Free of Charge.* It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors of the Association, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, for the year ending January 1st, 1858, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of the Consulting Surgeon in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-abuse, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important and much despised cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-abuse, and other diseases of the sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope,) *Free of Charge* on receipt of *TWO STAMPS* for postage.—Other Reports and Tracts on the nature and treatment of sexual diseases, diet, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year, are of great value.

Address, for Report or treatment, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street Philadelphia, Pa.

By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *Pres.*

GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Secretary.*

May 20, 1858. 1y.

JUST RECEIVED.

WE have just received, and offer for sale, large lot of Rio and Laguyra

Coffee, Crushed and Brown Sugars, Molasses, Rice, Soda, Fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pearl Starch, Imperial and Black Teas, French Olives, Prunes, Citron, White Wine Vinegar, Pickled Salmon, Turpentine Soap, Indigo, Madder, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, &c.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

July 29, 1858.

A. WINTER'S

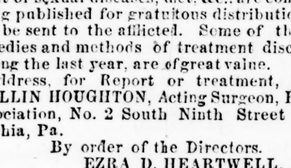
MULAY SAW-MILLS.

THE undersigned respectfully invites the public to call and see the *MULAY MILL*, now completed by M. Patton, Esq., on the Swannanoa, five miles above Asheville. Any information about the above mills, or machinery for building them, can be obtained of Mr. Patton, of Asheville or A. Winter, at Due West, S. C. A list of prices for said machinery is left with Mr. Patton, and any order through him will be promptly attended to. Persons wanting information or machinery can also address me.

A. WINTER, Patentee

Due West, S. C., Sept. 30, 1858. 6m*

Swannanoa Lodge, No. 56,



I. O. O. F.

Holds its regular meetings every Thursday evening, at Temperance Hall.

ED. J. ASTON, *N. G.*

A. J. LINDSEY, *R. S.*

Asheville, Aug. 26, 1858. tf

DR. J. S. T. BAIRD,

HAVING permanently located on BEAVER DAM, two miles North of Asheville, offers his professional services to the public, in the various branches of his profession.—He can always be found at home, unless professionally absent.

March 18, 1858.

M. L. NEILSON, M. D., ASHEVILLE, N. C.

January 11, 1855. tf.

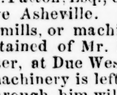
DR. J. G. HARDY,

HAVING permanently located in Asheville, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country, in the practice of Medicine and Surgery. He will attend promptly to all calls, day or night.

Residence at the Eagle Hotel. Office opposite the Court House and near the Cape Fear Bank.

Asheville, November 4, 1858.

G. W. WHITSON,

SURGEON  DENTIST,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

R. H. CANNON,

Attorney at Law,

Webster, Jackson Connty, N. C.

October 21, 1858. 1y

David Coleman,

Attorney at Law,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

March 3, 1853.—tf.

TROUT HOUSE,

Atlanta, Georgia,

By Dr. J. D. Boyd,

WHO has taken a lease of the property, and intends to "brush up" and have things as they should be. He would be glad to see his old friends, and others, when they visit this flourishing city. [Nov. 25, 1858.

H. A. BOONE, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Webster, Jackson County, N. C.

Will practice in the counties of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson and Haywood.

Oct. 14, 1858.

R AYER'S Cathartic Pills,

(SUGAR COATED,)

ARE MADE TO

CLEANSE THE BLOOD AND CURE THE SICK.

Invalids, Fathers, Mothers, Physicians, Philanthropists, read their Effects, and judge of their Virtues.

FOR THE CURE OF

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once. If they will cure others as they do me, the fact is worth knowing.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, WASHINGTON, D. C., 7 Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the *liver* is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them.

Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Relax, and Worms.

POST OFFICE, HARTLAND, LIV. CO., MICH., Nov. 16, 1855.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the perfection of medicine. They have done my wife more good than I can tell you. She had been sick and pining away for months. Went off to be doctored at great expense, but got no better. She then commenced taking your Pills, which soon cured her, by expelling large quantities of worms (dead) from her body. They afterwards cured her and our two children of bloody dysentery. One of our neighbors had it bad, and my wife cured him with two doses of your Pills, while others around us paid from five to twenty dollars doctors' bills, and lost much time, without being cured entirely even then. Such a medicine as yours, which is actually good and honest, will be prized here.

GEO. J. GRIFFIN, *Postmaster.*

Indigestion and Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, WYOMING CO., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Erysipelas, Scrofula, King's Evil, Tetter, Tumors, and Salt Rheum.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother had been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her. ASA MORGRIDGE.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and Gout.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, SAVANNAH, GA., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORD SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until, by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, BATON ROUGE, LA., 5 Dec., 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured by your Pills of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

For Dropsy, Plethora, or kindred Complaints, requiring an active purge, they are an excellent remedy.

For Costiveness or Constipation, and as a Dinner Pill, they are agreeable and effectual.

Fits, Suppression, Paralysis, Inflammation, and even **Deafness,** and **Partial Blindness,** have been cured by the alterative action of these Pills.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION,

and for the relief of consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

We need not speak to the public of its virtues. Throughout every town, and almost every hamlet of the American States, its wonderful cures of pulmonary complaints have made it already known. Nay, few are the families in any civilized country on this continent without some personal experience of its effects; and fewer yet the communities any where which have not among them some living trophy of its victory over the subtle and dangerous diseases of the throat and lungs. While it is the most powerful antidote yet known to man for the formidable and dangerous diseases of the pulmonary organs, it is also the pleasantest and safest remedy that can be employed for infants and young persons. Parents should have it in store against the insidious enemy that steals upon them unprepared. We have abundant grounds to believe the *Cherry Pectoral* saves more lives by the consumptions it prevents than those it cures. Keep it by you, and cure your colds while they are curable, nor neglect them until no human skill can master the inexorable canker that, fastened on the vitals, eats your life away. All know the dreadful fatality of lung disorders, and as they know too the virtues of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them it is still made the best it can be. We spare no cost, no care, no toil to produce it the most perfect possible, and thus afford those who rely on it the best agent which our skill can furnish for their cure.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER,

Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

AND SOLD BY

E. J. ASTON, Asheville; W. D. Whitted, Hendersonville; J. M. Craton, Rutherfordton; and by all Druggists & Dealers in Medicine. Wholesale by Haviland, Stevenson & Co., Charleston.

June 17, 1858. 1y

ALL MEDICINES

PUT up and sold at ASTON'S are WARRANTED to be equal in Purity and quality to any sold anywhere or by any person.

March 25, 1858.

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

MERRIMON & SONS,

ARE now receiving, direct from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, a heavy assortment of rich and beautiful Goods, suited to the season, embracing every variety of

DRY Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c., &c.

They invite particular attention to a rich assortment of

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

and feel satisfied that they will be pronounced beautiful. They have every thing usually kept in a retail establishment, all bought upon the most favorable terms, and going off rapidly at low figures.

Call at Hugh Johnston's old stand, opposite the Court House, and you cannot fail to be pleased with both Goods and prices.

Asheville, Dec. 2, 1858.

LEATHER, Sole, Upper and Harness; a fine Lot always on hand at J. A. PATTON'S.

Nov. 4, 1858.

BURTON & GOLD,

Attorneys at Law,

SHELBY, CLEAVELAND COUNTY, N. C.

WILL practice in the Superior Courts of Law and Equity of all the counties in the 7th Judicial District. Shelby, April 17, 1856. tf

---

NO stock of Gentlemen's Clothing has ever been brought to this market that can compare in cheapness and variety with that now on dhad at J. A. PATTON'S.

SALT! SALT!!

150 Sacks of Liverpool Salt—seamless sacks. Call and examine them before you buy. J. A. PATTON.

Nov. 4, 1858.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO. have on hand an excellent stock of Boots, Shoes, Hats and Ready Made Clothing.

October 7, 1858.

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

WE are now receiving at our old stand, on the public square, Asheville, the largest and most varied stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER, STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

Ready Made Clothing, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Saddlery, Drugs, Dye Stuffs, &c.

Ever offered for sale in this market. Our Goods have been selected with great care in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with especial reference to the wants of the *PEOPLE.* And as our stock embraces almost every article, "useful as well as ornamental," we flatter ourselves that we shall be enabled to please all who may favor us with a call. The object of this notice is not to publish self-praise and hold ourselves up in a flattering light before the community; but simply to inform you that we have a heavier and better assorted stock of Goods now arriving, than any other house in town, to which we expect to be continually making large additions throughout the season; and to extend to you, one and all, an invitation to visit us and examine our stock, before making your purchases. The styles of our Goods are unsurpassed, and we are determined not to be undersold; and as we make no promise that we do not intend to perform, you may come with the assurance of being satisfactorily accommodated. Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 2, 1857.

DR. H. G. LUNGREN,

HAVING permanently located in Franklin, Macon county, N. C., offers his services to the inhabitants of said county and those adjoining. Dr. L. has been heretofore employed as Chief Resident Physician to the Northern Clinical Infirmary of Philadelphia, where he has met with and successfully treated diseases of both chronic and acute nature.

Dr. L. will be found at his office in Col. Moore's building, at all times, unless professionally engaged.

Dr. L. will visit the town of Webster on the last three days of each month, for the purpose of prescribing for Chronic diseases. Those afflicted will please take notice. He offers this card through numerous solicitations from different persons. The Dr. can be found at Mr. Allison's Hotel.

Franklin, April 15th, '58.

ED. J. ASTON, Druggist and Apothecary.

STORE, Brick Corner opposite the Court House *RESIDENCE, CHURCH STREET,* Opposite the Episcopal Church.

Prescriptions put up with accuracy and despatch at all hours of the day or night.

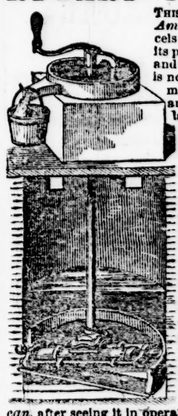
March 25, 1858.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Gaines, Deaver & Co.

ARE now receiving their usual stock of seasonable GOODS, which, with their late arrivals and with goods to arrive, will make their stock very complete. Call and examine it. [Oct. 7, 1858.

Lindsey's Double-Acting ROTARY FORCE PUMP.



THIS pump has just been patented in *America* and *England*, and far excels any pump heretofore invented; its peculiarities are *simplicity, power,* and *cheapness.* Its simplicity; there is nothing about it but iron and cast metal, and it can be taken apart and put up by any one, and will last for an age. It has the power to raise water *hundreds of feet,* with the extra expense of $3 and the price of pipe. Water rises in it by hand 100 feet per minute! For cheapness a No. 1. pump (for all ordinary purposes) complete, and fifty feet of pipe, costs but $30! The handle at the top, turns the pipe and pump, and every revolution fills the cylinder twice, affording an abundant supply of water with the least possible expense and labor. It is peculiarly adapted to *deep wells, rail road stations, salt works, mining and manufacturing purposes.* Wherever it is introduced, the old force, suction and chain pumps will disappear. Practical and scientific men pronounce it as without an equal, for all that is here claimed for it. The *Scientific American,* after seeing it in operation, says: "*This pump is very simple in construction, not liable to get out of order, durable, easily operated and economical; we regard it as an excellent improvement.*" Circulars with an accurate drawing and full description sent free of charge to all parts of the country. No. 1, has a one inch pipe; No. 2, 1¼ inches; No. 3, 1¼ inches; and the prices $30, $42, $54; the No. 2 and No. 3 are designed for *very deep wells, railroad stations,* &c. where much water is required. The subscriber is the general agent for the sale of these pumps to all parts of the world, and *exclusive agent for* NEW YORK. Orders must be accompanied by the *cash,* and should be explicit as to the kind of pump wanted, depth of well, shipping address, &c. They will meet prompt attention. A pump and pipe weighs about 170 lbs. No charge for shipping or cartage. Wells over 50 feet should have extra gearing, which costs $3.

JAMES M. EDNEY,
Com. Merchant, 56 John St. N. Y.

For sale by H. LINDSEY, Inventor, Asheville, N. C.

CURES GUARANTEED.

Cancers and Scrofula Cured.

One Hundred and Thirteen Cases Cured Last Year, 1857.

Pamphlets containing testimonials of the highest character as to his success, will be forwarded to any that may wish them. Those wishing to test the efficacy of *DR. CLOPTON'S* wonderful remedies, must give a correct description of the disease, its appearance in its incipient stage, progress, present condition, location, &c.

A three cent stamp must accompany all communications. Address,

J. A. CLOPTON, M. D.,
Huntsville, Ala.

August 19, 1858. 1y

Molasses, Molasses.

Manufactured from the Chinese Sugar Cane, by W. W. McDowell, Esq., for sale by the gallon or barrel, by SUMMEY, McDOWELL & Co.

Salt.

A large quantity always on hand, and for sale, at $2 75 per sack, by

Nov. 18. RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE best assortment of Blank Books and Memorandums ever offered to the people of Western North Carolina. Just received, and for sale at ASTON'S.

October 28.

I want to buy Eggs, Chickens, Butter and Poultry, of every description. Try me before you sell elsewhere. J. M. BLAIR.

Nov. 18.

T. W. MURRELL, COLLECTING AGENT,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

WILL attend to collecting claims of all kinds, with promptness and punctuality. He especially offers his services to publishers of newspapers and periodicals. Those who employ him may expect returns to be made as promptly as possible.

REFERENCES.—Asheville: A. S. Merrimon, M. Erwin, N. W. Woodfin, Joshua Roberts, and Z. B. Vance, Esq'rs; Dr. J. F. E. Hardy, W. W. McDowell, and Gaines, Deaver & Co. Hendersonville: W. M. Shipp, Esq. Morganton: Col. B. S. Gaither. Editors of News and Spectator, Asheville; and Herald of Truth, Hendersonville.

Asheville, Feb. 11, '58.

Save Your Wood,

BY buying some of my STOVES for cooking and warming your rooms.

ALSO,

Call and examine a large assortment of

TIN WARE,

of every variety, which I will sell cheap for cash or old Copper, wholesale or retail.

Any article in my line made to order at short notice.

H. LINDSEY.

Asheville, March 20, 1856.—tf

BLACKSMITHING.

THE subscriber is still carrying on the

Smithing Business,

in all its branches, at his old stand in the south end of Asheville.

The superior manner in which he has horses shod, carriages, buggies and waggons ironed, and all manner of work done, are too well known to render it necessary to more than say he will as heretofore turn out none but good work.

Country produce of all kinds taken in payment for work, but it must in every case be delivered before the work is removed.

ELIAS L. TRIPLETT.

March 20, 1856.

State of North Carolina,

McDOWELL COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS & QUARTER SESSIONS—FALL TERM, 1858.

Elizabeth Jarratt
vs.
John W. Jarratt & others.

PETITION FOR DOWER.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that James Irvin, one of the Defendants in this case, is a non resident of this State—It is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Asheville News for six successive weeks, notifying the said James Irvin to be and appear at the next Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of McDowell, at the Court House in Marion, on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in December, 1858, then and there to plead, answer or demur to Plaintiff's Petition, or judgment pro confesso will be taken as to him.

Witness, ALFRED M. FINLEY, Clerk of said Court, at Office in Marion, the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in September, 1858, and in the 83d year of our Independence.—Issued the 17th day of December, 1858.

A. M. FINLEY, Clerk.

Printer's fee $6.

State of North Carolina,

McDOWELL COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS & QUARTER SESSIONS—FALL TERM, 1858.

Swann P. Burnett, Adm., &c.,
vs.
John W. Jarratt and others.

PETITION TO SELL LAND.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that James Irvin, one of the Defendants in this case, is a non-resident of this State—It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the *Asheville News* for six successive weeks, notifying the said James Irvin to be and appear at the next Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of McDowell, at the Court House in Marion, on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in December, 1858, then and there to plead, answer or demur to Plaintiff's Petition, or judgment pro confesso will be taken as to him.

Witness, *Alfred M. Finley,* Clerk of said Court, at Office in Marion, the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in September, 1858, and in the 83d year of our Independence. Issued the 17th day of December, 1858.

A. M. FINLEY, Clerk.

Printer's fee $6.

CHOICE Segars and Chewing Tobacco. A fine supply just arrived.

Nov. 18 J. A. PATTON.

BRING in your Linsey and Janes. I will buy all you bring at the highest rates.

Nov. 18. J. A. PATTON.

A CHANGE.

Gaines, Deaver & Co.

HAVING determined upon changing their business to a strict pay down, or prompt business, take this method of informing their patrons that they must discontinue the long credit system, believing it is better both for the merchant and his patrons that they be required to pay promptly at the end of each year. They will, in future, require every one who may have an account with them to pay *promptly* at the end of the year. No one who is in arrears need apply for an extended credit. They expect by adopting this plan to keep up a better stock, and to sell cheap for pay down, or to such men as are known to be prompt. In future their motto will be, "Quick sales and short profits."

Those indebted to them are expected to call and settle their accounts immediately.

Jan. 6, 1859.

N. B. The old debts due W. D. Rankin & Co. *must* be settled immediately.

W. M. HARDY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Will attend the Courts of Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe, Madison and McDowell.

Asheville, Jan. 8th, 1857. tf

GEN. B. M. EDNEY

WILL practice Law regularly hereafter in the Superior Courts of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe, Madison, Yancy, Rutherford & Polk.

Office, Hendersonville, N. C. [Feb. 12'57 1y

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

HAVE just received, in addition to their stock of Ladies Dress Goods, all wool Delaines, Valentia Plaids, Delaine Robes, Mohair De Berage. Also—Kerseys, Wool Tweeds, Boots, Shoes, &c.

Jan. 6, 1859.